APPENDIX I Psychological Assessment

DESCRIPTION OF SCL-90-R DIMENSIONS*

ANXIETY

The anxiety dimension is composed of a set of symptoms and signs that are associated clinically with high levels of manifest anxiety. General signs such as nervousness, tension, and trembling are included in the definition, as are panic attacks and feelings of terror. Cognitive components involving feelings of apprehension and dread, and some of the somatic correlates of anxiety are also included as dimensional components. The symptoms comprising the anxiety dimension are experiencing nervousness or shakiness inside, trembling, being suddenly scared for no reason, feeling fearful, experiencing heart pounding or racing, feeling tense and keyed up, having spells of terror and panic, feeling so restless you couldn't sit still, feeling that something bad is going to happen, and experiencing frightening thoughts and images.

DEPRESSION

The symptoms of the depression dimension reflect a broad range of the manifestations of clinical depression. Symptoms of dysphoric mood and affect are represented, as are signs of withdrawal of life interest, lack of motivation, and loss of vital energy. In addition, feelings of hopelessness, thoughts of suicide, and other cognitive and somatic correlates of depression are included. The symptoms comprising the depression dimension are losing sexual interest or pleasure, feeling low in energy or slowed down, thinking of ending your life, crying easily, feeling trapped or caught, blaming yourself for things, feeling lonely, feeling blue, worrying too much about things, feeling no interest in things, feeling hopeless about the future, feeling everything is an effort, and feeling worthless.

HOSTILITY

The hostility dimension reflects thoughts, feelings, or actions that are characteristic of the negative affect state of anger. The selection of items includes all three modes of manifestation and reflects qualities such as aggression, irritability, rage, and resentment. The symptoms comprising the hostility dimension are feeling easily annoyed or irritated; having uncontrollable temper outbursts; having urges to beat, injure, or harm someone; having urges to break or smash things; getting into frequent arguments; and shouting or throwing things.

INTERPERSONAL SENSITIVITY

The interpersonal sensitivity dimension focuses on feelings of personal inadequacy and inferiority, particularly in comparison with others. Self-deprecation, feelings of uneasiness, and marked discomfort during interpersonal interactions are characteristic manifestations of this syndrome. In addition, individuals with high scores on interpersonal sensitivity report acute self-consciousness and negative expectancies concerning the communications and interpersonal behaviors with others. The symptoms comprising the

^{*}Taken from the SCL-90-R.

interpersonal sensitivity dimension are feeling critical of others, feeling shy or uneasy with the opposite sex, having feelings easily hurt, feeling others do not understand or are unsympathetic, feeling that people are unfriendly or dislike you, feeling inferior to others, feeling uneasy when people are watching or talking about you, feeling very self-conscious with others, and feeling uncomfortable about eating or drinking in public.

OBSESSIVE-COMPULSIVE

The obsessive-compulsive dimension reflects symptoms that are highly identified with the standard clinical syndrome of the same name. This measure focuses on thoughts, impulses, and actions that are experienced as unremitting and irresistible by the individual but are of an ego-alien or unwanted nature. Behaviors and experiences of a more general cognitive performance attenuation are also included in this measure. The symptoms comprising the obsessive-compulsive dimension are experiencing repeated unpleasant thoughts that won't leave the mind, having trouble remembering things, worrying about sloppiness or carelessness, feeling blocked in getting things done, having to do things very slowly to ensure correctness, having to check and double-check what is done, having difficulty making decisions, having mind go blank, having trouble concentrating, and having to repeat the same actions (e.g., touching, counting, washing).

PARANOID IDEATION

The present dimension represents paranoid behavior fundamentally as a disordered mode of thinking. The cardinal characteristics of projective thought, hostility, suspiciousness, grandiosity, centrality, fear of loss of autonomy, and delusions are viewed as primary reflections of this disorder; item selection was oriented toward representing this conceptualization. The symptoms comprising the paranoid ideation dimension are feeling others are to blame for most of your troubles, feeling that most people cannot be trusted, feeling that you are watched or talked about by others, having ideas and beliefs that others do not share, not receiving proper credit from others for your achievements, and feeling that people will take advantage of you if you let them.

PHOBIC ANXIETY

Phobic anxiety is defined as a persistent fear response to a specific person, place, object, or situation that is characterized as being irrational and disproportionate to the stimulus, and which leads to avoidance or escape behavior. The items of the present dimension focus on the more pathognomic and disruptive manifestations or phobic behavior. The actual structure of the dimension is in close agreement with the definition of "agoraphobia" (Marks, 1969), also termed "phobic anxiety depersonalization syndrome" by Roth (1959). The symptoms comprising the phobic anxiety dimension are feeling afraid in open spaces or on the street; feeling afraid to go out of the house alone; feeling afraid to travel on buses, subways, or trains; having to avoid certain things, places, or activities because they are frightening; feeling uneasy in crowds, such as shopping or at a movie; feeling nervous when left alone; and feeling afraid of fainting in public.

PSYCHOTICISM

The psychoticism scale was developed in a fashion to represent the construct as a continuous dimension of human experience. Items indicative of a withdrawn, isolated, schizoid lifestyle were included, as were first-rank symptoms of schizophrenia, such as hallucinations and thought-broadcasting. The psychoticism scale provides a graduated continuum from mild interpersonal alienation to dramatic evidence of psychosis. In this respect, the present definition owes much to the work of Eysenck (1968). The symptoms comprising the psychoticism dimension are having the idea that someone else can control your thoughts, hearing voices that other people do not hear, believing that other people are aware of your private thoughts, having thoughts that are not your own, feeling lonely even when you are with people, having thoughts about sex that bother you a lot, believing that you should be punished for your sins, thinking that something serious is wrong with your body, never feeling close to another person, and thinking that something is wrong with your mind.

SOMATIZATION

The somatization dimension reflects distress arising from perceptions of bodily dysfunction. Complaints focusing on cardiovascular, gastrointestinal, respiratory, and other systems with strong autonomic mediation are included. Headaches, pain, and discomfort of the gross musculature and additional somatic equivalents of anxiety are components of the definition. These symptoms and signs have all been demonstrated to have high prevalence in disorders demonstrated to have a functional etiology, although all may be reflections of true physical disease. The symptoms comprising the somatization dimension are headaches, faintness or dizziness, pains in heart or chest, pains in lower back, nausea or upset stomach, soreness of muscles, trouble getting breath, hot or cold spells, numbness or tingling in parts of body, lump in throat, weakness in parts of body, and heavy feelings in arms or legs.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS

Seven items that are a part of the SCL-90-R which are not subsumed under any of the primary symptom dimensions; these symptoms actually "load" on several of the dimensions but are not univocal to any of them. While in this sense they violate one of the statistical criteria for inclusion in the test, they are a part of the item set because they are clinically important. These items contribute to the global scores on the SCL-90-R and are intended to be used configurally. Thus, a high depression score with "early morning awakening" and "poor appetite" may mean something quite different from a similar score with these symptoms absent. By the same token, the presence of conscious "feelings of guilt" is an important clinical indicator that communicates important information to the clinician. The additional items are not scored collectively as a dimension but are summed into the global scores. The additional items in the SCL-90-R are having a poor appetite, overeating, having trouble falling asleep, awakening in the early morning, experiencing restless or disturbed sleep, thinking of death or dying, and feeling guilty.

The Global Indices of Distress

There are three global indices of distress associated with the SCL-90-R: the GSI, the PSDI, and the PST. The function of each of these global measures is to communicate in a single score the level or depth of the individual's psychopathology. Each measure does this in a somewhat distinct fashion and reflects somewhat different aspects of psychopathology (Derogatis, Yevzeroff, & Wittelsberger, 1975). The GSI represents the best single indicator of the current level or depth of the disorder and should be utilized in most instances where a single summary measure is required. The GSI combines information on numbers of symptoms and intensity of perceived distress. The PSDI is a pure intensity measure, in a sense, "corrected" for numbers of symptoms. It functions very much as a measure of response style in the sense of communicating whether the patient is "augmenting" or "attenuating" symptomatic distress in his style of reporting his disorder. The PST is simply a count of the number of symptoms the patient reports as positive -- that is, that he experiences as having to any degree. When used configurally in conjunction with the GSI, information on style of response and numbers of symptoms endorsed can be very helpful in appreciating the clinical picture.

DESCRIPTION OF MCMI SCALES*

BASIC PERSONALITY PATTERNS

The following descriptions of high-scale scorers focus on everyday ways of functioning that characterize these patients even when they are not suffering acute symptom states. They reflect relatively enduring and pervasive traits that typify patient styles of behaving, perceiving, thinking, feeling, and relating to others. Although patients may currently exhibit more distinctive pathological symptoms, the features noted refer to their premorbid characterological pattern.

Schizoid (Asocial)

- 1. Affectivity deficit (e.g., exhibits intrinsic emotional blandness; reports weak affectionate needs and an inability to display enthusiasm or experience pleasure).
- 2. Mild cognitive slippage (e.g., evidences impoverished and obscure thought processes inappropriate to intellectual level; social communication often tangential and irrelevant).
- 3. Interpersonal indifference (e.g., possesses minimal "human" interests; prefers a peripheral role in social and family relationships).
- 4. Behavioral apathy (e.g., experiences fatigue, low energy, and lack of vitality; displays deficits in activation, motoric expressiveness, and spontaneity).
- 5. Perceptual insensitivity (e.g., reveals minimal introspection and awareness of self; is impervious to subtleties of everyday social and emotional life).

Avoidant

- 1. Affective dysphoria (e.g., describes a constant and confusing undercurrent of tension, sadness, and anger; vacillates between desire for affection, fear, and numbness of feeling).
- 2. Mild cognitive interference (e.g., is bothered and distracted by disruptive inner thoughts; irrelevant and digressive ideation disrupts social communication).
- 3. Alienated self-image (e.g., describes life as one of social isolation and rejection; devalues self and reports periodic feelings of emptiness and depersonalization).

*Taken from the MCMI.

- 4. Aversive interpersonal behavior (e.g., tells of social pan-anxiety and distrust; seeks privacy to avoid anticipated social derogation).
- 5. Perceptual hypersensitivity (e.g., vigilantly scans for potential threats; overinterprets innocuous behavior as a sign of ridicule and humiliation).

Dependent (Submissive)

- 1. Pacific temperament (e.g., is characteristically docile and noncompetitive; avoids social tension and interpersonal conflicts).
- 2. Interpersonal submissiveness (e.g., needs a stronger, nurturing figure, and without one feels anxiously helpless; is often conciliatory, placating, and self-sacrificing).
- 3. Inadequate self-image (e.g., perceives self as weak, fragile, and ineffectual; exhibits lack of confidence by belittling own aptitudes and competencies).
- 4. Pollyanna cognitive style (e.g., reveals a naive or benign attitude toward interpersonal difficulties; smooths over troubling events).
- 5. Initiative deficit (e.g., prefers a subdued, uneventful, and passive lifestyle; avoids self-assertion and refuses autonomous responsibilities).

Histrionic (Gregarious)

- 1. Fickle affectivity (e.g., displays short-lived, dramatic, and superficial affects; reports tendency to be easily excited and as easily bored).
- 2. Sociable self-image (e.g., perceives self as gregarious, stimulating, and charming; attracts fleeting acquaintances and enjoys rapidly paced social life).
- 3. Interpersonal seductiveness (e.g., actively solicits praise and manipulates others to gain attention and approval; exhibits self-dramatizing and childishly exhibitionistic behaviors).
- 4. Cognitive dissociation (e.g., integrates experiences poorly, which results in scattered learning and unexamined thought; reveals undependable, erratic, and flighty judgment).
- 5. Immature stimulus-seeking behavior (e.g., is intolerant of inactivity, leading to unreflected and impulsive responsiveness; describes penchant for momentary excitements, fleeting adventures, and short-sighted hedonism).

Narcissistic

- 1. Inflated self-image (e.g., displays pretentious self-assurance and exaggerates achievements; is seen by others as egotistic, haughty, and arrogant).
- 2. Interpersonal exploitiveness (e.g., takes others for granted and uses them to enhance self and indulge desires; expects special favors without assuming reciprocal responsibilities).
- 3. Cognitive expansiveness (e.g., exhibits immature fantasies and an undisciplined imagination; is minimally constrained by objective reality, takes liberties with facts, and often lies to redeem self-illusions).
- 4. Insouciant temperament (e.g., manifests a general air of nonchalance and imperturbability; appears coolly unimpressionable or buoyantly optimistic except when narcissistic confidence is shaken).
- 5. Deficient social conscience (e.g., flouts conventional rules of shared social living, viewing them as naive or inapplicable to self; reveals a careless disregard for personal integrity and an indifference to the rights of others).

Antisocial (Aggressive)

- 1. Hostile affectivity (e.g., has a pugnacious and irascible temper that flares readily into argument and attack; exhibits frequent verbally abusive and physically cruel behaviors).
- 2. Assertive self-image (e.g., proudly characterizes self as independent, vigorously energetic, and hardheaded; values tough, competitive, and power-oriented life style).
- 3. Interpersonal vindictiveness (e.g., reveals satisfaction in derogating and humiliating others; is contemptuous of sentimentality, social compassion, and humanistic values).
- 4. Hyperthymic fearlessness (e.g., exhibits high activation level in impulsive, accelerated, and forceful responding; is attracted to and undaunted by danger and punishment).
- 5. Malevolent projection (e.g., claims that most persons are devious, controlling, and punitive; justifies own mistrustful, hostile, and vengeful attitudes by ascribing them to others).

Compulsive (Conforming)

- 1. Restrained affectivity (e.g., is unrelaxed, tense, joyless, and grim; keeps emotional expression under tight control).
- 2. Conscientious self-image (e.g., sees self as industrious, dependable, and efficient; values self-discipline, prudence, and loyalty).

- 3. Interpersonal respectfulness (e.g., exhibits unusual adherence to social conventions and proprieties; prefers polite, formal, and correct personal relationships).
- 4. Cognitive constriction (e.g., constructs world in terms of rules, regulations, and hierarchies; is unimaginative, indecisive, and upset by unfamiliar or novel ideas and customs).
- 5. Behavioral rigidity (e.g., keeps a well-structured, highly regulated, and repetitive life pattern; prefers organized, methodical, and meticulous work).

Passive-Aggressive (Negativistic)

- 1. Labile affectivity (e.g., is frequently irritable and displays erratic moodiness; reports being easily frustrated and explosive).
- 2. Behavioral contrariness (e.g., frequently exhibits passively aggressive, petulant, and fault-finding behaviors; reveals gratification in demoralizing and undermining the pleasures of others).
- 3. Discontented self-image (e.g., reports feeling misunderstood, unappreciated, and demeaned by others; is characteristically pessimistic, disgruntled, and disillusioned with life).
- 4. Deficient regulatory controls (e.g., expresses fleeting thoughts and impulsive emotions in unmodulated form; external stimuli evoke capricious and vacillating reactions).
- 5. Interpersonal ambivalence (e.g., assumes conflicting and changing roles in social relationships, particularly dependent acquiescence and assertive independence; uses unpredictable and sulking behavior to provoke edgy discomfort in others).

PATHOLOGICAL PERSONALITY DISORDERS

The following three scales describe patients who clearly evidence a chronic or periodically severe pathology in the overall structure of personality. There is a checkered history of disruptions, predicaments, and disappointments in personal relationships and in school and work performance. These patients achieve modest levels of social competence because of an apparent inability to learn from previous difficulties; a tendency to precipitate self-defeating vicious circles, digressions, and setbacks; and a failure to achieve a niche in life that is consonant with natural aptitudes and potentials. Although frequently able to function on an ambulatory basis, they may have had transient but repetitive psychotic episodes involving extreme or bizarre behaviors.

Schizotypal (Schizoid)

- 1. Social detachment (e.g., prefers life of isolation with minimal personal attachments and obligations; over time, has drifted into increasingly peripheral social and vocational roles).
- 2. Behavioral eccentricity (e.g., exhibits peculiar habits frequently; is perceived by others as unobtrusively strange or different).
- 3. Nondelusional autistic thinking (e.g., mixes social communication with personal irrelevancies, obscurities, and tangential asides; appears self-absorbed and lost in daydreams with occasional blurring of fantasy and reality).
- 4. Either (a) anxious wariness (e.g., reports being hypersensitive and apprehensively ill-at-ease, particularly in social encounters; is guarded, suspicious of others, and secretive in behavior); or (b) emotional flatness (e.g., manifests a drab, sluggish, joyless, and spiritless appearance; reveals marked deficiencies in activation and affect).
- 5. Disquieting estrangement (e.g., reports periods of depersonalization, derealization, and dissociation; experiences anxious feelings of emptiness and meaninglessness).

Borderline (Cycloid)

- 1. Intense endogenous moods (e.g., continually fails to accord mood with external events; is either depressed or excited or has recurring periods of dejection and apathy interspersed with spells of anger, anxiety, or euphoria).
- 2. Dysregulated activation (e.g., experiences desultory energy level and irregular sleep-wake cycle, describes time periods that suggest that affective-activation equilibrium is constantly in jeopardy).
- 3. Self-condemnatory conscience (e.g., reveals recurring self-mutilating and suicidal thoughts; periodically redeems moody behavior through contrition and self-derogation).
- 4. Dependency anxiety (e.g., is preoccupied with securing affection and maintaining emotional support; reacts intensely to separation and reports haunting fear of isolation and loss).
- 5. Cognitive-affective ambivalence (e.g., repeatedly struggles to express attitudes contrary to inner feelings; simultaneously experiences conflicting emotions and thoughts toward others, notably love, rage, and guilt).

Paranoid

1. Vigilant mistrust (e.g., exhibits edgy defensiveness against anticipated criticism and deception; conveys extreme suspicion, envy, and jealousy of others).

- 2. Provocative interpersonal behavior (e.g., displays a disputatious, fractious, and abrasive irritability; precipitates exasperation and anger by hostile, deprecatory demeanor).
- 3. Tenacious autonomy (e.g., expresses fear of losing independence and power of self-determination; is grimly resistant to sources of external influence and control).
- 4. Minidelusional cognitions (e.g., distorts events into personally logical but essentially irrational beliefs; embellishes trivial achievements to accord with semigrandiose self-image).
- 5. Persecutory self-references (e.g., construes incidental events as critical of self; reveals tendency to magnify minor and personally unrelated tensions into proofs of purposeful deception and malice).

CLINICAL SYMPTOM SYNDROMES

Most, but not all, of the symptom disorders described in this section are of the reactive kind that are of substantially briefer duration than the personality disorders. They usually represent states in which an active pathological process is clearly manifested. Many of these symptoms are precipitated by external events. Most typically, they appear in somewhat striking or dramatic form, often accentuating or intensifying the more prosaic features of the premorbid or basic personality style; that is, in their active form, these symptoms tend to stand out in sharp relief within the context of the more enduring and characteristic mode of functioning. During periods of active pathology, it is not uncommon for several symptoms to covary at any one time and to change over time in their degrees of prominence. The first six scales represent disorders of moderate severity; the last three scales reflect disorders of marked severity.

<u>Anxiety</u>

The high-scoring patient often reports feeling either vaguely apprehensive or specifically phobic; is typically tense, indecisive, restless; and tends to complain about a variety of physical discomforts, such as tightness, excessive perspiration, ill-defined muscular aches, and nausea.

Somatoform

The high-scoring patient expresses psychological difficulties through somatic channels, reports persistent periods of fatigue and weakness, and may be preoccupied with ill health and a variety of dramatic, but largely nonspecific pains in different and unrelated regions of the body.

Hypomanic

The high-scoring patient evidences periods of superficial, elevated but unstable moods; restless overactivity and distractibility; pressured speech; and impulsiveness and irritability.

Dysthymic

The high-scoring patient remains involved in everyday life, but is downhearted, preoccupied with feelings of discouragement or guilt, exhibits a lack of initiative and behavioral apathy, and frequently voices futility and self-deprecatory comments.

Alcohol Abuse

The high-scoring patient probably has a history of alcoholism, has made efforts to overcome the difficulty with minimal success, and as a consequence, experiences considerable discomfort in both family and work settings.

Drug Abuse

The high-scoring patient probably has a recurrent or recent history of drug abuse, tends to have difficulty in restraining impulses or keeping them within conventional social limits, and displays an inability to manage the personal consequences of these behaviors.

Psychotic Thinking

The high-scoring patient, usually classified as "schizophrenic," periodically exhibits incongruous, disorganized, or regressive behavior; often appears confused and disoriented; and occasionally displays inappropriate affects, scattered hallucinations, and unsystematic delusions.

Psychotic Depression

The high-scoring patient is usually incapable of functioning in a normal environment, is in a severely depressed mood, and expresses a dread of the future and a sense of hopeless resignation. Some exhibit a marked motor retardation, whereas others display an agitated quality, incessantly pacing about and bemoaning their sorry state.

Psychotic Delusions

The high-scoring patient, usually considered paranoid, becomes periodically belligerent and often voices irrational but interconnected sets of delusions of a persecutory or grandiose nature.

TABLE I-1.

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

			Ag	<u>e</u>			Race	
Dependent Variable	Level	Born ≥1942	Born 1923- 1941	Born ≤1922	p- Value	Black	Nonblack	p- Value
Crouble Falling		(n=957)	(n=1,253)	(n=84)		(n=137)	(n=2,157)	
Asleep	Yes	13.9%	9.3%	8.3%	0.002	13.1%	11.1%	0.534
Johine Un Durine		(n=957)	(n=1,253)	(n=84)		(n=137)	(n=2,157)	
laking Up During the Night	Yes	13.2%	14.7%	22.6%	0.053	8.8%	14.7%	0.061
laking Up Too						4 403	/ 0.4E7\	
Early and Can't		(n=957)	(n=1,253)	(n=84)	0.768	(n=137) 11.7%	(n=2,157) 10.9%	0.87/
Go Back to Sleep	Yes	11.2%	10.7%	13.1%	0.700	11./4	10.76	0.074
Waking Up	•	(n=957)	(n=1,253)	(n=84)		(n=137)	(n=2,157)	
Inrefreshed	Yes	11.7%	8.0%	4.8%	0.004	9.5%	9.4%	0.999
Involuntarily			4 4 9593			/m 127\	/- 1 157\	
Palling Asleep	W	(n=957) 3.6%	(n=1,253) 4.1%	(n=84) 7.1%	0.261	(n=137) 5.1%	(n=2,157) 3.9%	0.598
Ouring the Day	Yes	3.0%	4.1%	7.14	0.201	J. 1.	J. 7.	0.570
Great or Disabling Fatigue		(n=957)	(n=1,253)	(n=84)		(n=137)	(n=2,157)	
Ouring the Day	Yes	3.3%	2.6%	1.2%	0.393	` 5.1%		0.190
rightening		(n=955)	(n=1,249)	(n=84)		(n=136)	(n=2,152)	
)reams	Yes	5.4%	3.7%	4.8%	0.138	6.6%	4.3%	0.296
Talking in		(n=956)	(n=1,252)	(n=84)		(n=137)	(n=2,155)	
Sleep	Yes	5.5%	2.6%	3.6%	0.001	2.9%	3.9%	0.772

			Ag	e			Race	
Dependent Variable	Level	Born ≥1942	Born 1923- 1941	Born <1922	p- Value	Black	Nonblack	p- Value
Sleepwalking	Yes	(n=957) 3.1%	(n=1,253) 1.0%	(n=84) 0.0%	0.001	(n=137) 0.7%	(n=2,157) 2.0%	0.522
Abnormal Movement/ Activity During the Night	Yes	(n=957) 4.7%	(n=1,253) 2.6%	(n=84) 2.4%	0.020	(n=137) 4.4%	(n=2,157) 3.4%	0.664
Sleep Problems Requiring Medication	Yes.	(n=957) 2.5%	(n=1,253) 2.0%	(n=84) 1.2%	0.586	(n=137) 2.2%	(n=2,157) 2.2%	0.999
Snore Loudly in All Sleeping Positions	Yes	(n=957) 6.6%	(n=1,253) 7.8%	(n=84) 4.8%	0.365	(n=137) 5.8%	(n=2,157) 7.3%	0.670
Insomnia	Yes	(n=957) 24.9%	(n=1,253) 22.6%	(n=84) 31.0%	0.136	(n=137) 20.4%	(2,157) 24.1%	0.392
Overall Sleep Disorder Index	Abnormal	(n=955) 37.0%	(n=1,249) 32.4%	(n=84) 36.9%	0.076	(n=136) 29.4%	(n=2,152) 34.8%	0.232
Aver age Sleep Each Night			(n=2,293) r=0.090		<0.001	(n=137) x=6.41	(n=2,156) x=6.96	<0.001
SCL-90-R Anxiety	Abnormal	(n=864) 8.3%	(n=1,096) 5.3%	(n=72) 6.9%	0.027	(n=121) 7.4%	(n=1,911) 6.6%	0.826

TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

			Age	e	·		Race	
Dependent Variable	Level	Born ≥1942	Born 1923- 1941	Born ≤1922	p- Value	Black	Nonblack	p- Value
SCL-90-R		(n=864)	(n=1,096)	(n=72)		(n=121)	(n=1,911)	0 414
SSI	Abnormal	10.2%	5.7%	5.6%	0.001	9.9%	7.5%	0.414
		(n=864)	(n=1,096)	(n=72)		(n=121)	(n=1,911)	
SCL-90-R PSDI	Abnormal	10.4%	8.8%	9.7%	0.461	10.7%	9.4%	0.722
707 00 B		(n=864)	(n=1,096)	(n=72)		(n=121)	(n=1,911)	
SCL-90-R PST	Abnormal	10.2%	5.4%	5.6%	<0.001	10.7%	7.2%	0.216
1CHI			(n=2,288)			(n=137)	(n=2,151)	
Schizoid Score			r=-0.053		0.012	x=24.5	$\bar{x}=24.4$	0.919
ICHI			/ A 000\			(n=137)	(n=2,151)	
Avoidant Score			(n=2,288) r=-0.051		0.014	$\bar{x}=15.8$	$\bar{x}=16.7$	0.489
HCHI		/- OEE\	(n=1,250)	(n=83)		(n=137)	(n=2,151)	
Dependent Score ^c		(n=955) x=42.5	x=40.1	$\frac{11-037}{x=45.9}$	0.003	$\bar{x}=42.7$	$\bar{x}=41.2$	0.419
MCHI			(n=2,288)			(n=137)	(n=2,151)	
Histr ionic Score			r=-0.032		0.121	$\bar{x}=67.2$	$\bar{x} = 63.4$	0.00

TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

			Age	2			Race	
Dependent Variable	Level	Born ≥1942	Born 1923- 1941	Born ≤1922	p- Value	Black	Nonblack	p- Value
ACMI Narcissistic Score			(n=2,288) r=-0.007		0.743	(n=137) x=69.2	(n=2,151) x=63.6	<0.001
MCMI Antisocial Score			(n=2,288) r=-0.019		0.374	(n=137) $\bar{x}=62.0$	(n=2,151) x=60.2	0.288
MCMI Compulsive Score			(n=2,288) r=0.138		<0.001	(n=137) x=69.3	(n=2,151) x=68.4	0.300
MCMI Passive- Aggressive Score ^c			(n=2,288) r=-0.142		<0.001	(n=137) x=20.5	(n=2,151) x=19.0	0.253
MCMI Schizotypal Score		(n=955) x=35.7	(n=1,250) x=33.2	(n=83) x=36.9	0.003	(n=137) x=33.4	(n=2,151) x=34.4	0.523
MCMI Borderline Score		(n=955) x=34.7	(n=1,250) x=31.8	(n=83) x=35.1	<0.001	(n=137) x=34.3	(n=2,151) x=33.0	0.408

TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

			Ag	e			Race	
Dependent Variable	Level	Born ≥1942	Born 1923- 1941	Born ⊴1922	p- Value	Black	Nonblack	p- Value
MCMI Paranoid Score			(n=2,288) r=-0.015		0.471	(n=137) x=56.5	(n=2,151) x=52.0	0.001
MCMI Anxiety Score			(n=2,288) r=-0.006		0.767	(n=137) x=48.9	(n=2,151) x=47.0	0.318
MCMI Somatoform Score			(n=2,288) r=0.021	-	0.315	(n=137) x=53.2	(n=2,151) x=51.1	0.181
MCMI Hypomania Score			(n=2,288) r=-0.045		0.031	(n=137) x=26.3	(n=2,151) x=20.9	0.017
MCMI Dysthymia Score			(n=2,288) r=-0.008		0.694	(n=137) x̃=50.6	(n=2,151) x=50.0	0.779
ACMI Alcohol Abuse Score			(n=2,288) r=-0.039	, 	0.065	(n=137) x=36.5	(n=2,151) x=30.8	<0.001

TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

			Education		Post-Traum	atic Stress	Disorder
Dependent Variable	Level	High School	College	p- Value	No	Yes	p- Value
Trouble Falling		(n=1,150)	(n=1,130)		(n=2,162)	(n=16)	
Asleep	Yes	13.3%	9.0%	0.001	10.7%	81.3%	<0.001
Waking Up During		(n=1,150)	(n=1,130)		(n=2,162)	(n=16)	
the Night	Yes	15.0%	13.7%	0.432	14.0%	75.0%	<0.001
Waking Up Too						4.46	
Early and Can't	v	(n=1,150) 12.8%	(n=1,130) 9.1%	0.006	(n=2,162) 10.5%	(n=16) 62.5%	<0.001
Go Back to Sleep	Yes	12.8%	9.14	0.000	10.3%	02.3%	10.001
Vaking Up		(n=1,150)	(n=1,130)		(n=2,162)	(n=16)	
Unrefreshed	Yes	11.0%	7.7%	0.009	8.7%	87.5%	<0.001
Involuntarily						(= 1C)	
Falling Asleep		(n=1,150) 4,4%	(n=1,130) 3.4%	0.224	(n=2,162) 3.8%	(n=16) 31.3%	<0.001
During the Day	Yes	4.4%	3.4%	0.224	3.0%	31.3%	(0.001
Great or Disabling Fatigue		(n=1,150)	(n=1,130)		(n=2,162)	(n=16)	
During the Day	Yes	4.3%	1.4%	<0.001	2.7%	37.5%	<0.001
Frightening		(n=1,146)	(n=1,128)		(n=2,157)	(n=15)	
Dreams	Yes	5.3%	3.5%	0.038	3.9%	66.7%	<0.001
Talking in		(n=1,149)	(n=1,129)		(n=2,160)	(n=16)	
Sleep	Yes	5.2%	2.5%	<0.001	3.7%	25.0%	0.005

TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

			Education		Post-Trau	atic Stress	s Disorder
Dependent Variable	Level	High School	College	p- Value	No	Yes	p- Value
Sleepwalking		(n=1,150)	(n=1,130)		(n=2,162)	(n=16)	
	Yes	1.7%	1.8%	0.999	1.8%	6.3%	0.514
Abnormal Movement	,						
Activity During		(n=1,150)	(n=1,130)		(n=2,162)	(n=16)	
the Night	Yes	4.5%	2.3%	0.005	3.1%	50.0%	<0.001
Sleep Problems							
Requiring		(n=1,150)	(n=1,130)		(n=2,162)	(n=16)	
Medication	Yes	3.0%	1.3%	0.010	1.8%	56.3%	<0.001
Snore Loudly							
in All Sleeping		(n=1,150)	(n=1,130)		(n=2,162)	(n=16)	
Positions	Yes	7.4%	6.9%	0.710	7.1%	31.3%	0.009
Insomnia		(n=1,150)	(n=1,130)		(n=2,162)	(n=16)	
2	Yes	26.3%	21.2%	0.005	23.5%	87.5%	<0.001
Overall Sleep		(n=1,146)	(n=1,128)		(n=2,157)	(n=15)	
Disorder Index	Abnormal	•	30.4%	<0.001	34.2%	100.0%	<0.001
Aver age Slee p		(n=1,150)	(n=1,129)		(n=2,161)	(n=16)	
Each Night		x=6.86	x=7.00	0.001	$\bar{x}=6.93$	x=6.25	0.138
SCL-90-R		(n=1,030)	(n=989)		(n=1,914)	(n=16)	
Anxiety	Abnormal	9.12	4.0%	<0.001	5.9%	93.8%	<0.001

TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

			Education	 	Post-Traum	atic Stress	Disorder
Dependent Variable	Level	High School	College	p- Value	No	Yes	p- Value
SCL-90-R		(n=1,030)	(n=989)		(n=1,914)	(n=16)	
Depression	Abnormal	11.0%	5.9%	<0.001	7.7%	100.0%	<0.001
SCL-90-R		(n=1,030)	(n=989)		(n=1,914)	(n=16)	
Hostility	Abnormal	6.5%	3.1%	0.001	4.3%	81.3%	<0.001
SCL-90-R	•		4 000		(n=1,914)	(n=16)	
Interpersonal Sensitivity	Abnormal	(n=1,030) 9.5%	(n=989) 3.3%	<0.001	(n=1,914) 5.8%	81.3%	<0.001
SCL-90-R							
Obsessive-		(n=1,030)	(n=989)		(n=1,914)	(n=16)	
Compulsive Behavior	Abnormal	11.1%	4.8%	<0.001	7.4%	81.3%	<0.001
SCL-90-R			4 000		(n=1,914)	(n=16)	
Paranoid Ideation	Abnormal	(n=1,030) 5.1%	(n=989) 3.0%	0.022	(n=1,914) 3.5%	75.0%	<0.001
SCL-90-R			/- 000\		(n=1,914)	(n=16)	
Phobic Anxiety	Abnormal	(n=1,030) 9.0%	(n=989) 4.9%	<0.001	6.3%	75.0%	<0.001
CCI OO P		(n=1,030)	(n=989)		(n=1,914)	(n=16)	
SCL-90-R Psychoticism	Abnormal	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5.6%	<0.001	8.2%	93.8%	<0.001

TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

			Education		Post-Traum	atic Stress	Disorder
Dependent Variable	Level	High School	College	p- Value	No	Yes	p- Value
7.00 B		(n=1,030)	(n=989)		(n=1,914)	(n=16)	
SCL-90-R Somatization	Abnormal	12.6%	5.9%	<0.001	8.7%	87.5%	<0.001
SCL-90-R		(n=1,030)	(n=989)		(n=1,914)	(n=16)	
SCL-9U-R GSI	Abnormal	10.8%	4.3%	<0.001	6.8%	93.8%	<0.001
SCL-90-R		(n=1,030)	(n=989)		(n=1,914)	(n=16)	
PSDI	Abnormal	11.1%	7.9%	0.018	9.1%	75.0%	<0.001
SCL-90-R		(n=1,030)	(n=989)		(n=1,914)	(n=16)	
PST	Abnormal	9.9%	4.8%	<0.001	6.7%	93.8%	<0.001
MCMI			/- 1 1 17 1		(n=2,158)	(n=16)	
Schizoid Score		(n=1,147) $\bar{x}=26.3$	(n=1,127) $\bar{x}=22.6$	<0.001	$\tilde{x}=24.1$	x=83.0	<0.001
HCHI		4 4 / 7 \	/- 1 197\		(n=2,158)	(n=16)	
Avoidant Score		(n=1,147) $\bar{x}=19.3$	(n=1,127) $\bar{x}=14.3$	<0.001	$\bar{x}=16.3$	x=89.2	<0.001
HCHI		(n=1,147)	(n=1,127)		(n=2,158)	(n=16)	
Dependent Score ^c		$\frac{(n=1,147)}{x=44.0}$	$\bar{x}=38.6$	<0.001	x=41.1	x=52.2	0.148

TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

			Education		Post-Traum	atic Stress	Disorder
Dependent Variable	Level	High School	College	p- Value	No	Yes	p- Value
MCMI Histrionic Score		(n=1,147) x=61.4	(n=1,127) x=65.9	<0.001	(n=2,158) x=63.9	(n=16) x=41.2	<0.001
MCMI Narcissistic Score		(n=1,147) x=62.6	(n=1,127) x=65.3	<0.001	(n=2,158) x=64.1	$\frac{(n=16)}{x=40.1}$	<0.001
MCHI Antisocial Score		(n=1,147) x=61.0	(n=1,127) x=59.5	0.063	(n=2,158) x=60.3	(n=16) x=67.1	0.152
MCMI Compulsive Score		(n=1,147) x=68.1	(n=1,127) x=68.9	0.035	(n=2,158) x=68.7	(n=16) x=42.2	<0.001
MCMI Passive- Aggressive Score ^c		(n=1,147) x=20.9	(n=1,127) x=17.2	<0.001	(n=2,158) x=18.6	(n=16) x=91.0	<0.001
MCMI Schizotypal Score		(n=1,147) x=36.8	(n=1,127) x=31.8	<0.001	(n=2,158) $\bar{x}=34.0$	(n=16) x=67.3	<0.001

TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

			Education		Post-Traum	atic Stress	Disorder
Dependent Variable	Level	High School	College	p- Value	No	Yes	p- Value
MCMI Borderline Score		(n=1,147) x=35.4	(n=1,127) x=30.7	<0.001	(n=2,158) x=32.6	(n=16) x=71.5	<0.001
MCMI Paranoid Score		(n=1,147) x=54.1	(n=1,127) x=50.4	<0.001	(n=2,158) x=52.2	(n=16) x=60.5	0.034
MCMI Anxiety Score		(n=1,147) x=49.8	(n=1,127) x=44.3	<0.001	(n=2,158) x=46.7	(n=16) x=92.9	<0.001
MCMI Somatoform Score		(n=1,147) x=52.1	(n=1,127) x=50.3	0.011	(n=2,158) x=51.0	(n=16) x=68.5	<0.001
MCMI Hypomania Score ^c		(n=1,147) $\bar{x}=20.1$	(n=1,127) x=22.4	0.022	(n=2,158) $\bar{x}=21.0$	(n=16) x=37.2	0.023
MCMI Dysthymia Score		(n=1,147) x=51.3	(n=1,127) x=48.6	0.004	(n=2,158) x=49.6	(n=16) x=89.3	<0.001
MCMI Alcohol Abuse Score		(n=1,147) x=33.5	(n=1,127) x=28.7	<0.001	(n=2,158) x=30.6	(n=16) x=66.0	<0.001

			Education		Post-Traum	atic Stress	Disorder
Dependent Variable	Level	High School	College	p- Value	No	Yes	p- Value
MCMI Drug Abuse Score		(n=1,147) x=48.7	(n=1,127) x=46.2	0.003	(n=2,158) x=47.2	(n=16) x=58.1	0.029
MCMI Psychotic Thinking Score		(n=1,147) x=36.3	(n=1,127) x=27.9	<0.001	(n=2,158) x=31.6	(n=16) x=70.8	<0.001
MCMI Psychotic Depression Score		(n=1,147) x=27.1	(n=1,127) x=19.5	<0.001	(n=2,158) x=22.8	(n=16) x=74.9	<0.001
MCMI Psychotic Delusion Score		(n=1,147) x=46.3	(n=1,127) x=39.5	<0.001	(n=2,158) x=42.8	(n=16) x=53.8	0.033

TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

		Li	fetime Alcoh	ol History		C	urrent Alci	nohol Use	
Dependent Variable	Level	0	>0-40	>40	p- Value	0-1	>1-4	>4	p- Value
Trouble Falling		(n=205)	(n=1,559)	(n=517)		(n=1,816)	(n=398)	(n=74)	0.104
Asleep	Yes	6.8%	10.3%	15.5%	0.001	11.0%	11.1%	18.9%	0.104
Waking Up During the Night	Yes	(n=205) 9.8%	(n=1,559) 12.6%	(n=517) 21.1%	<0.001	(n=1,816) 13.2%	(n=398) 18.6%	(n=74) 18.9%	0.011
Waking Up Too								. 745	
Early and Can't Go Back to Sleep	Yes	(n=205) 7.8%	(n=1,559) 9.9%	(n=517) 15.5%	0.001	(n=1,816) 10.2%	(n=398) 13.6%	(n=74) 16.2%	0.050
do pack to brook				(n=517)		(n=1,816)	(n=398)	(n=74)	
Waking Up Unrefreshed	Yes	(n=205) 6.3%	(n=1,559) 9.0%	11.6%	0.066	9.5%	9.0%	10.8%	0.888
Involuntarily				/ E17\		(n=1,816)	(n=398)	(n=74)	
Falling Asleep During the Day	Yes	(n=205) 2.9%	(n=1,559) 4.0%	(n=517) 4.4%	0.641	4.4%	2.5%	2.7%	0.201
Great or			, 4 EEA\	/- 517\		(n=1,816)	(n=398)	(n=74)	
Disabling Fatigue During the Day	Yes	(n=205) 2.0%	(n=1,559) 2.5%	(n=517) 4.3%	0.083	3.0%	2.5%	2.7%	0.880
		(n=205)	(n=1,554)	(n=516)		(n=1,810)	(n=398)	(n=74)	
Frightening Dreams	Yes	3.4%	3.5%	7.9%	<0.001	4.0%	5.8%	8.1%	0.095

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TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

		Li	fetime Alcoh	ol History	· 		Current Alc	hohol Use	
Dependent Variable	Level	0	>0-40	>40	p- Value	0-1	>1-4	>4	p- Value
Talking in Sleep	Yes	(n=205) 2.9%	(n=1,558) 3.4%	(n=516) 5.4%	0.090	(n=1,814) 3.7%	(n=398) 4.0%	(n=74) 5.4%	0.754
Sleepwalking	Yes	(n=205) 2.0%	(n=1,559) 1.7%	(n=517) 2.3%	0.693	(n=1,816) 1.7%	(n=398) 2.3%	(n=74) 4.1%	0.286
Abnormal Movement/ Activity During the Night	Yes	(n=205) 2.4%	(n=1,559) 3.1%	(n=517) 4.8%	0.133	(n=1,816) 3.5%	(n=398) 3.0%	(n=74) 4.1%	0.845
Sleep Problems Requiring Medication	Yes	(n=205) 2.0%	(n=1,559) 1.5%	(n=517) 4.4%	<0.001	(n=1,816) 1.9%	(n=398) 2.5%	(n=74) 6.8%	0.018
Snore Loudly in All Sleeping Positions	Yes	(n=205) 4.9%	(n=1,559) 6.5%	(n=517) 9.5%	0.035	(n=1,816) 7.2%	(n=398) 6.8%	(n=74) 8.1%	0.913
Insomnia	Yes	(n=205) 17.1%	(n=1,559) 22.0%	(n=517) 32.1%	<0.001	(n=1,816) 22.9%	(n=398) 27.6%	(n=74) 28.4%	0.083
Overall Sl ee p Disorder Index	Abnormal	(n=205) 26.3%	(n=1,554) 32.4%	(n=516) 43.8%	<0.001	(n=1,810) 33.5%	(n=398) 37.7%	(n=74) 41.9%	0.110
Average Sleep Each Night			(n=2,281) r=0.016		0.452		(n=2,288) r=-0.003		0.879
SCL-90-R Anxiety	Abnormal	(n=178) 6.2%	(n=1,373) 5.7%	(n=469) 9.8%	0.008	(n=1,609) 5.9%	(n=354) 9.0%	(n=64) 12.5%	0.010

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TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

		L	ifetime Alcol	hol History	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Current Alc	hohol Use	
Dependent Variable	Level	0	>0-40	>40	p- Value	0-1	>1-4	>4	p- Value
SCL-90-R Depression	Abnormal	(n=178) 10.7%	(n=1,373) 7.1%	(n=469) 11.5%	0.007	(n=1,609) 7.9%	(n=354) 11.3%	(n=64) 9.4%	0.112
SCL-90-R Hostility	Abnormal	(n=178) 2.8%	(n=1,373) 4.1%	(n=469) 8.1%	0.001	(n=1,609) 4.4%	(n=354) 6.2%	(n=64) 9.4%	0.086
SCL-90-R Interpersonal Sensitivity	Abnormal	(n=178) 5.1%	(n=1,373) 5.8%	(n=469) 9.4%	0.016	(n=1,609) 6.3%	(n=354) 7.1%	(n=64) 9.4%	0.553
SCL-90-R Obsessive- Compulsive Behavior	Abnormal	(n=178) 7.3%	(n=1,373) 7.1%	(n=469) 11.1%	0.020	(n=1,609) 7.6%	(n=354) 9.3%	(n=64) 9.4%	0.527
SCL-90-R Paranoid Ideation	Abnormal	(n=178) 2.2%	(n=1,373) 3.6%	(n=469) 6.2%	0.024	(n=1,609) 3.7%	(n=354) 5.4%	(n=64) 6.3%	0.251
SCL-90-R Phobic Anxiety	Abnormal	(n=178) 10.1%	(n=1,373) 5.9%	(n=469) 9.0%	0.019	(n=1,609) 7.0%	(n=354) 6.8%	(n=64) 7.8%	0.956
SCL-90-R Psychoticism	Abnormal	(n=178) 9.6%	(n=1,373) 7.8%	(n=469) 12.2%	0.016	(n=1,609) 8.6%	(n=354) 8.5%	(n=64) 18.8%	0.020

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TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

		Li	Lifetime Alcohol History				Current Alchohol Use					
Dependent Variable	Level	0	>0-40	>40	p- Value	0-1	>1-4	>4	p- Value			
SCL-90-R Somatization	Abnormal	(n=178) 12.4%	(n=1,373) 8.2%	(n=469) 11.3%	0.042	(n=1,609) 9.3%	(n=354) 9.0%	(n=64) 10.9%	0.891			
SCL-90-R GSI	Abnormal	(n=178) 7.3%	(n=1,373) 6.7%	(n=469) 10.4%	0.030	(n=1,609) 7.1%	(n=354) 8.8%	(n=64) 14.1%	0.086			
SCL-90-R PSDI	Abnormal	(n=178) 14.6%	(n=1,373) 8.7%	(n=469) 9.6%	0.042	(n=1,609) 9.8%	(n=354) 8.2%	(n=64) 7.8%	0.574			
SCL-90-R PST	Abnormal	(n=178) 6.7%	(n=1,373) 6.4%	(n=469) 10.7%	0.009	(n=1,609) 6.9%	(n=354) 8.5%	(n=64) 15.6%	0.024			
MCMI Schizoid Score ^a			(n=2,277) r=0.047	***	0.024	((n=2,283) r=0.017		0.427			
MCMI Avoidant Score		(n=204) x=17.6	(n=1,559) x=15.8	(n=514) x=19.3	<0.001	((n=2,283) r=0.054		0.010			
MCMI Dependent Score ^c		***	(n=2,277) r=-0.005		0.794	(n=1,812) $\bar{x}=42.1$	(n=397) x=37.5	(n=74) x=43.6	<0.001			

TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

		Li	fetime Alcoho	ol History			Current Alc	nohol Use	
Dependent Variable	Level	0	>0-40	>40	p- Value	0-1	>1-4	>4	p- Value
MCMI Histrionic Score			(n=2,277) r=0.022		0.296	(n=1,812) $\bar{x}=63.3$	(n=397) x=65.7	(n=74) x=61.9	0.004
MCMI Narcissistic Score			(n=2,277) r=0.021		0.316	((n=2,283) r=0.009		0.663
MCMI Antisocial Score			(n=2,277) r=0.075		<0.001	 ·	(n=2,283) r=0.039		0.066
MCHI Compulsive Score			(n=2,277) r=-0.164		<0.001		(n=2,283) r=-0.108		<0.001
MCMI Passive- Aggressive ^c			(n=2,277) r=0.152		<0.001		(n=2,283) r=0.074		<0.001
MCMI Schizotypal Score		(n=204) x=36.5	(n=1,559) x=33.1	(n=514) x=37.3	<0.001		(n=2,283) r=0.037		0.075

TABLE I-1. (continued)

Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

		L	ifetime Alcoh	ol Histor	<u> </u>	Current Alchohol Use					
Dependent Variable	Level	0	>0-40	>40	p- Value	0-1	>1-4	>4	p- Value		
MCMI Borderline Score			(n=2,277) r=0.095		<0.001		(n=2,283) r=0.041		0.052		
MCMI Paranoid Score			(n=2,277) r=0.047		0.026	((n=2,283) r=0.009		0.671		
MCMI Anxiety Score			(n=2,277) r=0.022		0.296	((n=2,283) r=-0.015		0.467		
ICMI Somatoform Score			(n=2,277) r=-0.035	****	0.096	((n=2,283) r=-0.044		0.036		
ICMI Iypomania Icore			(n=2,277) r=0.067		0.001	((n=2,283) r=0.019		0.360		
ICMI Dysthymia Score			(n=2,277) r=0.006		0.793	((n=2,283) r=-0.021		0.322		

TABLE I-1. (continued) Dependent Variable-Covariate Associations for Psychology Assessment

		L	ifetime Alcoh	ol Histor	у		Current Alc	hohol Use	
Dependent Variable	Level	0	>0-40	>40	p- Value	0-1	>1-4	>4	p- Value
MCMI Alcohol Abuse Score			(n=2,277) r=0.279		<0.001	((n=2,283) r=0.187	***	<0.001
MCMI Drug Abuse Score			(n=2,277) r=0.109		<0.001	((n=2,283) r=0.061		0.004
MCMI Psychotic Thinking Score		. 	(n=2,277) r=0.100		<0.001	((n=2,283) r=0.063		0.003
MCMI Psychotic Depression Score			(n=2,277) r=0.118		<0.001	((n=2,283) r=0.052		0.013
MCMI Psychotic Delusion Score			(n=2,277) r=0.003		0.885	(n=1,812) x=43.7	(n=397) x=38.9	(n=74) x=45.8	<0.001

Means transformed from natural logarithm scale; correlations based on natural logarithm versus covariate. Means transformed from natural logarithm (X+1) scale; correlations based on natural logarithm (X+1) versus covariate.

Note: Correlations (r) are based on total sample and are not category specific.

Means transformed from square root scale; correlations based on square root versus covariate.

Means transformed from square scale; correlations based on square versus covariate.

TABLE I-2.

Summary of Group-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

					Gı	coup		Ali Deletine	
Variable	Interaction	Stratification	Statistic	Ranch	Hand	Сопра	rison	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Vaking Up	Group-by-	Born	n Number/%	381		517	•		
buring the	Age	<u>></u> 1942	Yes	54	14.2%	64	12.4%	1.16 (0.77,1.73)	0.475
light			No		85.8%	453	87.6%		
		Born 1923-	n Number/%	534		651			
		1941	Yes	73	13.7%	101	15.5%	0.83 (0.60,1.16)	0.281
		2742	No	461	86.3%	550	84.5%		
		Born <1922	n Number/%	35		48			
			Yes		14.3%	14	29.2%	0.35 (0.11,1.13)	0.078
			No	30	85.7%	34	70.8%		
aking Up	Group-by-	Yes	n Number/%	10		6			
co Early	PTSD		Yes	6	60.0%	4	66.7%	0.75 (0.09,6.23)*	0.999
ınd Can't So Back to			No	4	40.0%	2	33.3%		
Sleep		No	n Number/%	933		1,204			
			Yes	100	10.7%	124	10.3%	1.04 (0.78,1.37)	0.80
			No	833	89.3%	1,080	89.7%		

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TABLE I-2. (continued)

Summary of Group-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

					G	roup			
Variable	Interaction	Stratification	Statistic	Ranc	h Hand	Сотр	arison	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Falking in Sleep	Group-by- PTSD	Yes	n Number/%	10		6			
-			Yes No	3 7	30.0% 70.0%	1 5	16.7% 83.3%	2.14 (0.17,27.10)	0.999
		No	n Number/%	932		1,203			
			Yes No	42 890	4.5% 95.5%	37 1,166	3.1% 96.9%	1.48 (0.94,2.34)	0.089
Abnormal Movement/	Group-by- Education	High School	n Number/%	494		605			
Activity During the Night			Yes No	30 464	6.1% 93.9%	21 584	3.5% 96.5%	1.63 (0.90,2.93)	0.106
••••		College	n Number/%	458		608			
			Yes No	6 452	1.3% 98.7%	16 592	2.6% 97.4%	0.52 (0.20,1.35)	0.177

TABLE I-2. (continued)

Summary of Group-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

					Gr	oup		FFV	Relative	
Variable	Interaction	Stratification	Statistic	Ranc	h Hand	Compa	arison		(95% C.I.)	p-Value
Insomnia	Group-by- Age	Born >1942	n Number/%	378		512				
	uRe		Yes	99	26.2%	121	23.6%	1.10	(0.80, 1.51)	0.547
			No	279	73.8%	391	76.4 %			
		Born 1923-	n Number/%	530		650				
		1941	Yes	120	22.6%	149	22.9%	0.97	(0.73,1.28)	0.813
			No	410	77.4%	501	77.1%			
		Born <1922	n Number/%	35		48				
			Yes	6	17.1%	20	41.7%	0.25	(0.08, 0.74)	0.012
			No	29	82.9%	28	58.3%			
Overall Sleep	Group-by- Lifetime	0	n Number/%	93		101				
Disorder	Alcohol		Abnormal	30	32.3%	23	22.8%	1.47	(0.76, 2.81)	0.249
Index	History		Normal	63	67.7%	78	77.2%			
		>0-40	n Number/%	642		817				
			Abnormal	218	34.0%	255	31.2%	1.14	(0.91,1.43)	0.243
			Normal	424	66.0%	562	68.8%			
		>40	n Number/%	205		289				
			Abnormal	84	41.0%	132	45.7%	0.77	(0.53,1.12)	0.16
			Normal	121	59.0%	157	54.3%			

TABLE I-2. (continued)

Summary of Group-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

					G	roup		444	Relative	
Variable	Interaction	Stratification	Statistic	Ranc	h Hand	Compa	rison		(95% C.I.)	p-Value
SCL-90-R	Group-by-	Yes	n Number/%	10		6				
Hostility	PTSD		Abnormal Normal	8 2	80.0% 20.0%	5 1	83.3% 16.7%	0.80	(0.05,12.28)	0.869
		No	n Number/%	824		1,066				
			Abnormal Normal	37 787	4.5% 95.5%	44 1,022	4.1% 95.9%	1.10	(0.70,1.73)	0.690
SCL-90-R	Group-by-	High School	n Number/%	451		533				
Somatization	Education	201001	Abnormal Normal	70 381	15.5% 84.5%	52 481	9.8% 90.2%	1.57	(1.06,2.33)	0.025
		College	n Number/%	392		542			(0.40.1.07)	0.256
			Abnormal Normal	20 372	5.1% 94.9%	38 504	7.0% 93.0%	0.72	(0.40,1.27)	0.256
SCL-90-R	Group-by-	Black	n Number/%	48		70				
PSDI	Race		Abnormal Normal	2 46	4.2% 95.8%	11 59	15.7% 84.3%	0.25	(0.05,1.18)	0.079
		Nonblack	n Number/%	795		1,005				
			Abnormal Normal	81 714		92 913	9.2% 90.8%	1.05	(0.76,1.45)	0.761

TABLE I-2. (continued)

Summary of Group-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

				Gro	oup	411 3 45	
Variable	Interaction	Stratification	Statistic	Ranch Hand	Comparison	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
MCMI Avoidant Score	Group-by- Education	High School	n Adj. Mean ^a 95% C.I.	489 45.6 (36.7,56.6)	602 41.9 (33.6,52.2)	<u></u>	0.099
		College	n Adj. Mean [*] 95% C.I.*	453 31.0 (24.7,38.8)	606 35.0 (28.1,43.6)	 .	0.022
MCHI Dependent Score	Group-by- Race	Black	n Adj. Mean ^b 95% C.I.	55 52.4 (44.4,61.0)	78 45.8 (38.9,53.3)		0.086
		Nonblack	n Adj. Mean ^b 95% C.I.	892 45.9 (40.4,51.7)	1,131 48.5 (42.9,54.5)		0.005
MCMI Histrionic Score	Group-by- Race	Black	n Adj. Mean ^c 95% C.I.	55 74.5 (61.5,85.5)	78 70.5 (57.2,81.7)		0.062
		Nonblack	n Adj. Mean ^c 95% C.I. ^c	892 51.8 (47.1,56.1)	1,131 52.5 (47.9,56.8)		0.313

TABLE I-2. (continued)

Summary of Group-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

				Gre	oup	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction	Stratification	Statistic	Ranch Hand	Comparison	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
MCMI Compulsive Score	Group-by- PTSD	Yes 0-1	n Adj. Mean ^c 95% C.I. ^c	7 51.9 (43.1,59.4)	4 25.7 (0.0,41.9)		0.004
Score	Group-by- Current Alcohol Use	Yes >1-4	n Adj. Mean ^c 95% C.I. ^c	3 45.7 (28.6,57.9)	2 51.0 (32.3,64.5)		0.614
	use	No 0-1	n Adj. Mean ^c 95% C.I. ^c	747 69.4 (68.5,70.3)	951 69.8 (69.0,70.6)		0.318
		No >1-4	n Adj. Mean ^c 95% C.I. ^c	160 68.4 (66.9,69.8)	206 68.2 (66.7,69.6)		0.802
		No >4	n Adj. Mean ^c 95% C.I. ^c	25 71.4 (67.1,75.4)	45 67.0 (63.0,70.7)		0.028

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TABLE I-2. (continued)

Summary of Group-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

				Gro	oup		
Variable	Interaction	Stratification	Statistic	Ranch Hand	Comparison	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
MCMI Passive- Aggressive	Group-by- Education	High School	n Adj. Mean ^b 95% C.I.	489 49.6 (43.9,55.7)	602 46.2 (40.7,52.1)		0.014
Score		College	n Adj. Mean ^b 95% C.I.	453 43.0 (37.6,48.8)	606 44.2 (38.9,50.0)		0.354
MCMI Schizotypal Score	Group-by- Lifetime Alcohol	0	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	92 53.0 (47.0,59.1)	101 53.0 (47.0,58.9)	·	0.977
	History	>0-40	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	645 48.0 (43.2,52.9)	819 49.9 (45.1,54.8)		0.053
		>40	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	205 55.0 (49.9,60.2)	288 52.1 (47.0,57.2)		0.081
MCMI Borderline Score	Group-by- Race	Black	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	55 55.8 (49.7,62.0)	78 50.2 (44.6,55.8)		0.057
		Nonblack	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	887 51.0 (46.7,55.3)	1,130 52.9 (48.5,57.2)		0.012

TABLE I-2. (continued)

Summary of Group-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

				Gre	oup	411 0 .1.42	
Variable	Interaction	Stratification	Statistic	Ranch Hand	Comparison	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
MCMI Anxiety Score	Group-by- Race	Black	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	56 75.6 (68.2,83.1)	78 68.3 (61.5,75.0)		0.042
		Nonblack	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	895 68.7 (63.5,73.9)	1,132 71.0 (65.8,76.2)		0.014
MCMI Alcohol Abuse	Group-by- Race	Black Yes	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	0 	1 95.1 	·	
Score	Group-by- PTSD	Black No	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	55 39.3 (35.1,43.4)	77 32.5 (29.1,36.0)		0.014
		Nonblack Yes	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	10 57.2 (47.6,66.9)	5 70.0 (56.3,83.6)		0.135
		Nonblack No	n Adj. Hean 95% C.I.	877 30.5 (29.4,31.5)	1,125 30.3 (29.4,31.2)		0.777

TABLE I-2. (continued) Summary of Group-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

				Gr	oup		
Variable	Interaction	Stratification	Statistic	Ranch Hand	Comparison	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
MCMI Psychotic Depression	Group-by- Education	Bigh School	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	489 52.0 (47.0,56.9)	602 50.1 (45.1,55.2)		0.125
Score		College	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	453 42.7 (37.6,47.8)	606 45.3 (40.3,50.3)		0.034

⁻⁻Adjusted relative risk not applicable for continuous analysis of a variable; summary statistics not given due to zero participants in a particular group.

Note: Refer to Tables 12-5, 12-7, and 12-9 for specification of adjusted model.

^{*}Unadjusted relative risk and p-value used.

Transformed from logarithm (X+1) scale.
Transformed from the square root scale.
Transformed from the square scale.

TABLE 1-3.

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

					Еф	sure Index			Exposure	Adi. Relative	
	Stratification	Statistic		Low	ŀ	S edium		High	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Valu
Exposure	High School	n Number/X	0		0		6		Overall		
Education	1923-1941	Yes	0	_	0		0 6	0.0% 100.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	_	
Exposure Index-by-	High School	n	7		5		11		0verall		0.095
Age	Born 1923-1941	Yes	2	28.6%	2	40.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	1.67 (0.15,18.87)	0.999 0.274
Exposure Index-by-			_	/1.4%	_	60.0%		100.0%			_
Alcohol	Born	Number/%		0.09		0.0%	·	0.097			_
History (Officer)	1923-1941 >40	Yes No			•		4	100.0%	H vs. L	_	
	High School	n 	0		0		1		Overall		
	Born <1922 0	Yes	0	_	0	_	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	
		No	·					100.0%			0.659
	High School Born <1922	n Number/%			3			0.0~			0.999
	>0-40	Yes No	0 1	0.0% 100.0%	1 2		_		H vs. L		
	High School	n	0		4		1		Overall		
	Born ≤1922 >40	Yes	0	_	0	0.0%	_		M vs. L		-
	Exposure Index-by- Education Exposure Index-by- Age Exposure Index-by- Lifetime Alcohol History	Exposure High School Index-by- Born 1923-1941 0 Exposure Index-by- High School Born 1923-1941	Exposure High School n Index-by-Born Number/% Education 1923-1941 Yes 0 No Exposure Index-by-High School n Age Born Number/% 1923-1941 Yes Exposure >0-40 No Index-by-Lifetime High School n Alcohol Born Number/% High School n Ristory 1923-1941 Yes (Officer) >40 No High School n Born <1922 Number/% Yes No	Cocupation Stratification Statistic	Coccupation Stratification Statistic Low	Exposure	Interaction (Occupation) Stratification Statistic Low Medium	Interaction (Occupation) Stratification Statistic Low Medium	Interaction (Occupation) Stratification Statistic Low Medium High	Interaction (Occupation) Stratification Statistic Low Medium High Contrast	Interaction (Occupation) Stratification Statistic Low Medium High Contrast Risk (95% C.I.)

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Ефо	arre Index		_ 	Exposure	Adj. Relative	
<i>V</i> ariable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	1	fedium		ligh	Index Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Involun-		College Born >1942	n Number/%	4		0		2		0verall		
arily alling		0	Yes	0	0.0%	0		0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	
sjeeb erring			No	4	100.0%	0		2	100.0%	H vs. L		
Ouring the Day		College Born >1942	n Number/%	38		19		7		0verall		0.300
(cont.)		30m 21942 30-40	Yes	0	0.0%	1	5.3%		0.0%	M vs. L		0.666
		20 40	No	38	100.0%	18	94.7%	1	100.0%	H vs. L		·
		College Born > 1942	n Number/%	4		1		1		0verall		-
		>40	Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	_
		7-10	No	4	100.0%	1	100.0%	1	100.0%	H vs. L	_	
		College Born	n Number/%	6		3		4		Overall		
		1923-1941	Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	- -	_
		0	No	6	100.0%	3	100.0%	4	100.0%	H vs. L		
		College Born	n Number/%	47		61		61		Overall		0.97
		1923-1941	Yes	1	2.1%	1	1.6%	1	1.6%		0.77 (0.05,12.59)	0.99
		×0-40	No	46	97.9%	60	98.4%	60	98.4%	H vs. L	0.77 (0.05,12.59)	0.99
		College	n Number/%	16		15		25		Overall		0.24
		Born 1923–1941	Yes	0	0.0%	1	6.7%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		0.96
		1923-1 94 1 >40	No	16	100.0%	14	93.3%	25	100.0%	H vs. L		. —

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TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

	Totamatian					Eq	osure Inde	x		Exposure		
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low		Medium	1	High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Involun- tarily		College Born <1922	n Number/%	4		4		0		Overall	1,	_
Falling		×0-40 ⁻	Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0		M vs. L	_	
Asleep During the			No	4	100.0%	4	100.0%	0	_	H vs. L		_
Day (cont.)		College Born <1922	n Number/%	0		3		0		Overall		_
		>40 -	Yes	0		1	33.3%	0	_	M vs. L	_	
			No	0	_	2	66.7%	0	_	H vs. L		_
Involun- tarily	Exposure Index-by-	High School	n Number/%	103		117		102		Overall		0.032
alling	Education	,	Yes	8	7.8%	2	1.7%	2	2.0%	M vs. L	0.21 (0.04,1.00)	0.065
Asleep During the	(Enlisted Groundcrew)		No	95	92.2%	115	98.3%	100	98.0%	H vs. L	0.24 (0.05,1.15)	0.104
Day		College	n Number/%	38		38		31		0verall		0.227
			Yes	0	0.0%	3	7.9%	2	6.5%	M vs. L		0.240
			No	38	100.0%	35	92.1%	29	93.5%	H vs. L		0.396

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Expc	sure Index			Exposure	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	1	l edium	Ī	ligh	Index Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Great or Disabling	Exposure Index-by-	Born ≥1942 0	n Number/%	4		0		2		Overall		_
atigue	Age	V	Yes	0	0.0%	0		0	0.0%	M vs. L		_
uring the	180		No	4	100.0%	0		2	100.0%	H vs. L		_
lacy	Exposure Index-by-	Born >1942	n Number/%	38		19		7		Overall		0.706
	Lifetime	×0-40 ⁻	Yes	1	2.6%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		0.999
	Alcohol History (Officer)		No	37	97.4%	19	100.0%	7	100.0%	H vs. L	_	0.999
	(officer)	Born ≥1942 >40	n Number/%	4		1		1		Overall		_
			Yes -	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		
			No	4	100.0%	1	100.0%	1	100.0%	H vs. L		_
		Born 1923–1941	n Number/%	6		3		10		Overall		-
		0	Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		
		ŭ	No	6	100.0%	3	100.0%	10	100.0%	H vs. L	-	_
		Born 1923–1941	n Number/%	54		66		72		Overall		0.079
		XO-40	Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	4.2%	M vs. L	_	-
		, , , ,	No	54	100.0%	66	100.0%	69	95.8%	H vs. L	_	0.36
		Born 1041	n Number/%	17		18		29		Overall		0.27
		1923-1941 >40	Yes	0	0.00%	1	5.6%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		0.99
		740	No	17	100.0%	17	94.4%	29	100.0%	H vs. L	_	

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TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Expo	osure Index			Exposure Index	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	!	Medium	1	High	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Valu
Great or Disabling		Boxn ≤1922 0	n Number/%	0		0		1		0verall		_
Fatigue During the		•	Yes No	0		0	_	0 1	0.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	_	
Day (cont.)		Born <1922 >0-40	n Number/%	5		7		1		Overall		_
		<i>7</i> 0-40	Yes No	0 5	0.0% 100.0%	0 7	0.0% 100.0%	0 1	0.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	_	_
		Born ≤1922 >40	n Number/%	0		7		1		Overall		_
			Yes No	0	_	0 7	0.0% 100.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	<u>-</u> -	_
Great or	Exposure	Black	n Number/%	0		1		0		0verall		-
Disabling Fatigue During the	Index-by- Race	0	Yes No	0 0		0 1	0.0% 100.0%	0 0	_	M vs. L H vs. L	_	
Day	Exposure Index-by-	Black >0-40	n Number/%	1		3		1		Overall		0.659
	Lifetime Alcohol History	<i>7</i> 0 -4 0	Yes No	0 1		1 2		0 1	0.0% 100.0%	M vs. L H vs. L		0.999
	(Enlisted Flyer)	Black >40	n Number/%	0		0		2		Overall		
		/TU	Yes No	0		0 0	_	0 2		M vs. L H vs. L		_

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TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Expo	ssure Index			Exposure	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Lov	1	f edium	1	ligh	Index Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Great or Disabling		Nonblack 0	n Number/%	6		5		7		0verall		
Patigue			Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		
During the			No	6	100.0%	5	100.0%	7	100.0%	H vs. L	_	_
Day (cont.)		Nonblack >0-40	n Number/%	33		31		31		Overall		0.121
		70-10	Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	6.5%	M vs. L	_	
			No	33	100.0%	31	100.0%	29	93.5%	H vs. L		0.462
		Nonblack	n Number/%	13		22		9		Overall		0.295
		>40	Number/4 Yes	1	7.7%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	0.742
			No	12	92.37		100.0%	9	100.0%	H vs. L	-	0.999
Prightening Dreams	Exposure Index-by-	High School Born	n Number/%	0		0		6		Overall		_
IVI. GONIS	Education	1923-1941	Yes	0	_	0	_	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	
		0	No	0	-	0		6	100.0%	H vs. L		_
	Exposure Index-by-	Bigh School Born	n Number/%	7		5		11		Overall		0.152
	Age	1923-1941	Yes	0	0.0%	1	20.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		0.834
	Exposure Index-by-	×0-40	No	7		4	80.0%	11	100.0%	H vs. L		_
	Lifetime Alcohol	High School Born	n Number/%	1		3		4		Overall		
	History	1923-1941	Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0		M vs. L	_	. —
	(Officer)	>40	No	1		3	100.0%	4	100.0%	H vs. L		_

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TABLE 1-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

					··· <u>·</u>	Ехфо	sure Index			Exposure Index	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	ł	l edium	}	ligh	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Prightening		High School Born <1922	n Number/%	0		0		1		0verall		_
Oceans (cont.)		0	Yes No	0		0	_	0 1	0.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	_	_
		High School Born <1922	n Number/%	1		3		1		Overall		
		×0-40	Yes No	0 1	0.0% 100.0%	0 3	0.0% 100.0%	0 1	100.0%	M vs. L H vs. L		
		High School Born <1922	n Number/%	0		4		1		Overall		
		>40 >40	Yes No	0	_	1 3	25.0% 75.0%	1 0	100.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	_	_
		College Born >1942	n Number/%	4		0		2		Overall		0.999
		0	Yes No	1 3	25.0% 75.0%	0	_	0 2	0.0%	M vs. L H vs. L		0.999
		College Born >1942	n Number/%	38		19		7		Overall		0.300
		30-40 30-40	Yes No	0 38	0.0% 100.0%	1 18	5.3% 94.7%	0 7	0.0% 100.0%	M vs. L H vs. L		0.666
		College	n Number%	4		1		1		Overall		_
		Born >1942 >40	Yes No	0	0.0% 100.0%	0 1		0 1	0.0% 100.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	_	_

TABLE 1-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

				-		Exp	osure Index			Exposure	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	1	Medium	1	Righ	Index Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Frightening		College	n Number/%	6		3		4		0verall		_
Dreams		Born 1923-1941	Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	-	_
(cont.)		0	No No	6	100.0%	3	100.0%	4	100.0%	H vs. L	_	
		College	n Number/%	47		61		61		(verall		0.201
		Born		1	2.1%	0	0.0%	3	4.9%	M vs. L		0.870
		1923-1941 >0-40	Yes No	46	97.9%	61	100.0%	58	95.1%	H vs. L	2.38 (0.24,23.64)	0.826
		College	n Number/%	16		15		25		Overall		0.190
		Born 1923–1941	Yes	1	6.3%	2	13.3%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	2.31 (0.19,28.47)	0.950
		1925-1941 >40	No	15	93.7%	13	86.7%	25	100.0%	H vs. L	_	0.780
		College Born <1922	n Number/%	4		4		0		Overall		_
		X0-40	Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	_	M vs. L		_
		<i>70-10</i>	No	4	100.0%	4	100.0%	0	_	H vs. L		_
		College Born <1922	n Number/%	0		3		0		Overall		_
		340 × 1922	Yes	0		0	0.0%	0	_	M vs. L	_	
		~ 1 0	No No	ŏ	_	3		0		H vs. L		

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TABLE I-3. (continued)

Reposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Ехфо	osure Index			Exposure Index	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	1	Medium	1	ligh	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Frightening	Exposure	High School	n Number/%	7		3		1		0verall		0.730
)reams	Index-by- Education	Born ≥1942 0-1 Black	Yes No	1 6	14.3% 85.7%	0 3	0.0% 100.0%	0 1	0.0% 100.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.999 0.999
	Exposure Index-by-	High School	n Nach in 199	37		67		43		Overall.		0.132
	Age Exposure	Born ≥1942 0-1 Nonblack	Number/% Yes No	3 34	8.1% 91.9%	2 65	3.0% 97.0%	0 43	0.0%	M vs. L M vs. L	0.35 (0.06,2.19)	0.480 0.189
	Index-by- Current	High School	n	1		2		1		0verall		
	Alcohol Use	Born >1942 >1-4 Black	Number/% Yes No	0	0.0% 100.0%	0 2	0.0% 100.0%	0 1	0.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	. 	_
	Exposure Index-by-	High School	n	8	200000	12		6		0verall		0.138
	Race (Enlisted Groundcrev)	Born >1942 >1-4 Nonblack	Number/% Yes No	0	0.0% 100.0%	3		0 6	0.0% 100.0%	M vs. L H vs. L		0.386
	Groundrew)	High School	n	0		2		0		Overall		
		Born >1942 >4 Black	Number/% Yes No	0		0 2		0	_	M vs. L H vs. L		_
		High School	n	2		0		1		0verall		
		Born ≥1942 >4 Nonblack	Number/% Yes No	0		0		0 1		M vs. L H vs. L	_	_

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Ехфе	osure Index			Exposure Index	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	ì	ledium	i	ligh	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Valu
Frightening Dreams		High School Born	n Number/%	2		5		3		Overall		0.108
(cont.)		1923-1941 0-1 Black	Yes No	1	50.0% 50.0%	0 5	0.0% 100.0%	0 3	0.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	Ξ	0.572 0.800
		High School	n Number/%	34		19		33		0verall		0.419
		Born 1923-1941 0-1 Nonblack	Yes No	3 31	8.8% 91.2%	0 19	0.0% 100.0%	2 31	6.1% 93.9%	M vs. L H vs. L	0.67 (0.10,4.27)	0.510 0.999
		High School Born	n Number/%	4		5		5		Overall		
		1923-1941 >1-4 Nonblack	Yes No	0 4	0.0% 100.0%	0 5	0.0% 100.0%	0 5	0.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	_	_
		High School	n Number/%	2		0		0		Overall		
		Born 1923–1941 >4 Black	Yes No	1		0	- -	0		M vs. L H vs. L	_	-
		High School Born	n Number/%	2		1		2		Overall		_
		1923-1941 >4 Nonblack	Yes No	0 2	0.0% 100.0%	0	0.0% 100.0%	0 2		M vs. L H vs. L	 -	_

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

	_					Ехф	osure Index			Exposure Index	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low		Medium	1	High	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Prightening Dreams		Righ School Born <1922	n Number/%	3		0		5		0verall		0.750
(cont.)		0-1	Yes	1	33.3%	0	· 	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	_
(curry)		Nonblack	No	2	66.7%	0	_	5	100.0%	H vs. L	_	0.750
		High School Born <1922	n Number/%	0		1		1		Overall		
		>1-4	Yes	0		0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		_
		Nonblack	No	0		1	100.0%	1	100.0%	H vs. L		_
		College Born >1942	n Number/%	2		1		3		Overall		_
		0-1	Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		_
		Black	No	2	100.0%	1	100.0%	3	100.0%	H vs. L	_	_
		College Born >1942	n Number/%	18		28		14		Overall		0.173
		0-1	Yes	0	0.0%	5	17.9%	2	14.3%	M vs. L		0.143
		Nonblack	No	18	100.0%	23	82.1%	12	85.7%	H vs. L		0.366
		College Born >1942	n Number/%	1		1		2		Overall		
		>1-4	Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	
		Black	No	1	100.0%	1	100.0%	2	100.0%	H vs. L		
		College Born >1942	n Number/%	4		5		3		0verall		0.466
		>1-4	Yes	0	0.0%	1	20.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		0.999
		Nonblack	No	4	100.0%	4	80.0%	3	100.0%	H vs. L	_	

TABLE I.-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Ехфо	osure Index			Exposure Index	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	1	fedium		High	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Frightening Oreams		College Born >1942	n Number/%	0		0		1		0verall		-
cont.)		×4	Yes	0	_	0	_	0	0.0%	M vs. L	-	_
(cuit.)		Nonblack	No	0		0		1	100.0%	H vs. L	_	
		College Born	n Number/%	0		0		2		Overall		_
		1923-1941	Yes	0		0		0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	_
		0-1 Black	No	0	_	0	_	2	100.0%	H vs. L	_	_
		College Born	n Number/%	11		3		5		Overall		_
		1923-1941	Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	_
		0-1 Nonblack	No	11	100.0%	3	100.0%	5	100.0%	H vs. L	-	_
		College Born	n Number/%	1		0		1		Overall		
		1923-1941	Yes	0	0.0%	0	_	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	_
		>1-4 Nonblack	No	1		0		1	100.0%	H vs. L	_	_
		College Born <1922	n Number/X	1		0		0		Overall		
		0-1	Yes	0		0		0		M vs. L	_	
		Nonblack	No	1	100.0%	0		0	_	H vs. L	-	_

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Ефо	sure Index			Exposure Index	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic	L	OW .	i	Medium	I	ligh	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Talking	Exposure Index-by-	0-1	n Number/%	100		91		96		0verall		0.681
in Sleep	Ourrent Alcohol		Yes No	2 98	2.0% 98.0%	3 88	3.3% 96.7%	4 92	4.2% 95.8%	M vs. L H vs. L	1.67 (0.27,10.23) 2.13 (0.38,11.91)	0.910 0.644
	Use (Officer)	>1-4	n Number/%	24		30		26		Overall		0.281
			Yes No	2 22	8.3% 91.7%	0 30	0.0% 100.0%	2 24	7.7% 92.3%	M vs. L H vs. L	- 0.92 (0.12,7.08)	0.386 0.999
		>4	n Number/%	4		0		2		0verall		0.666
			Yes No	0 4	0.0% 100.0%	0 0		1 1	50.0% 50.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.666
Talking	Exposure	0-1	n w - 1 44	10		16		10		Overall		0.064
in Sleep	Index-by- Current Alcohol	Born ≥1942	Number/% Yes No	2 8	20.0% 80.0%	0 16	0.0% 100.0%	0 10	0.0% 100.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	-	0.276 0.474
	Use	0-1	n Number/%	36		33		29		Overall	_	0.549
	Exposure Index-by- Age	Born 1923-1941	Yes No	0 36	0.0% 100.0%	1 32	3.0% 97.0%	1 28	3.4% 96.6%	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.956 0.892
	(Enlisted Flyer)	0-1 Born <1922	n Number/%	0		1		0		0verall		
			Yes No	0		0 1		0	_	M vs. L H vs. L		_

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TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Ехф	osure Index			Exposure	Adi Deletion	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	1	Medium		High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Talking in Sleep		>1-4 Born	n Number/%	5	,	8		8		0verall		0.426
		1923-1941	Yes	0	0.0%	1	12.5%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		0.999
(cont.)		1,2,-1,-1	No	5	100.0%	7	87.5 X	8	100.0%	H vs. L		_
		>1-4 Press (1022)	n Number/%	0		1		0		Overall		_
		Born <1922	Yes	0	_	0	0.0%	0	_	M vs. L	_	
			No	Ö			100.0%	Ō	_	H vs. L		_
		>4 Born >1942	n Number/%	0		1		0		Overall		_
		DAM ZINC	Yes	0		0	0.0%	0	_	M vs. L	_	_
			No	ŏ	_	ĺ		0	_	H vs. L	_	_
		> 4	n Number/%	2		2		3		0verall		_
		Born 1022 1041		0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	
		1923-1941	Yes No	2		2		3		H vs. L	_	

TABLE 1-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

	_					Expo	sure Index			Exposure	432 D-1-42	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic	I	OH .		Medium		High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Sleep- Valking	Exposure Index-by-	0	n Number/%	10		3		13		0verall		0.595
	Lifetime Alcohol History		Yes No	0 10	0.0% 100.0%	0 3	0.0% 100.0%	1 12	7.7% 92.3%	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.999
	(Officer)	>0-40	n Number/%	97		92		80		0verall		0.313
			Yes No	0 97	0.0% 100.0%	2 90	2.2% 97.8%	2 78	2.5% 97.5%	M vs. L H vs. L	-	0.472 0.406
		>40 ·	n Number/%	21		26		31		Overall		0.498
		·	Yes No	1 20	4.8% 95.2%	1 25	3.8% 96.2%	0 31	0.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	0.80 (0.05,13.60)	0.999 0.808
Abnormal Hovement/	Exposure Index-by-	0-1	n Number/%	100		91		96		Overall		0.731
Activity During the	Current Alcohol Use		Yes No	1 99	1.0% 99.0%	2 89	2.2% 97 .8%	1 95	1.0% 99.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	2.23 (0.20,24.96) 1.04 (0.06,16.90)	0.928 0.999
Night .	(Officer)	>1-4	n Number/%	24		30		26		Overall		0.119
			Yes No	0 24	0.0% 100.0%	0 30	0.0% 100.0%	2 24	7.7% 92.3%	M vs. L H vs. L		0.530
		>4	n Number/%	4		0		2		0verall		_
			Yes No	0	0.0% 100.0%	0 0		0 2	0.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	-	_

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TARLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Ехф	sure Index			Exposure	411 W-7-42	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Lov	1	l edium	E	li g h	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Snore Loudly in	Exposure Index-by-	Boxn >1942	n Number/%	80		121		76		0verall		0.061
Il Sleeping	Age	71746	Yes	5	6.3%	14	11.6%	2	2.6%	M vs. L	1.96 (0.68,5.68)	0.310
ositions	(Enlisted Groundcrew)		No	75	93.7%	107	88.4%	74	97.4%	H vs. L	0.41 (0.08,2.16)	0.486
	GLOGRACIES/	Born 1923–1941	n Number/%	57		33		51		Overall		0.024
		1/23-1/-1	Yes	1	1.8%	2	6.1%	8	15.7%	M vs. L	3.61 (0.32,41.46)	0.606
			No	56	98.2%	31	93.9%	43	84.3%	H vs. L	10.42 (1.26,86.50)	0.020
		Born <1922	n Number/%	4		1		6		0verall		0.632
			Yes	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	16.7%	M vs. L		_
			No	4	100.0%	1	100.0%	5	83.3%	H vs. L	_	0.999
Insomia	Exposure	High	n .	40		46		39		Overall		0.977
	Index-by-	School	Number/%	^	22 54	10	21.7%	8	20.5%	M vs. L	0.96 (0.35,2.66)	0.999
	Education		Yes	9 31	22.5% 77.5%	36	78.3%	31	79.5%	H vs. L	0.89 (0.30,2.60)	0.999
	(Enlisted Flyer)		No	-	// . 26		70.36	_	1 7 - 20		0.05 (0.50,2.00)	
		College	n Number/%	13		16		11		0verall		0.087
			Yes	0	0.0%	5	31.3%	3	27.3%	M vs. L	_	0.074
			No	13	100.0%	11	68.7%	8	72.7%	H vs. L	_	0.163

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Ехфо	sure Index			Exposure Index	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	P	ledium	В	ligh	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Overall	Exposure	0	n N	10		3		13		Overall		0.253
Sleep	Index-by-		Number/% Abnormal	2	20.0%	2	66.7%	3	23.1%	M vs. L	8.00 (0.46,139.29)	0.406
Disorder Index	Lifetime Alcohol		Normal	8	80.0%	ī	33.3%	10	76.9%	H vs. L	1.20 (0.16,9.01)	0.999
	History (Officer)	>0-40	n	97		92		80		Overall		0.131
			Number/%	22	22.7%	25	27.2%	29	36.3%	M vs. L	1.27 (0.66,2.46)	0.584
			Abnormal Normal	75	77.3%	67	72.8%	51	63.7%	H vs. L	1.94 (1.00,3.75)	0.069
		>40	n Number/%	21		26		31		Overall		0.013
			Abnormal	8	38.1%	6	23.1%	19	61.3%	M vs. L	0.49 (0.14,1.73)	0.414
			Normal	13	61.9%	20	76.9%	12	38.7%	H vs. L	2.57 (0.82,8.04)	0.174
- 19		mi_l	n	40		46		39		0verall		0.911
Overall	Exposure	High School	Number/%	70								
Sleep Disorder	Index-by- Education	301001	Abnormal	13	32.5%	13	28.3%	12	30.8%	M vs. L	0.82 (0.33,2.06)	0.846
Index	(Enlisted		Normal	27	67.5%	33	71.7%	27	69.2%	H vs. L	0.92 (0.36,2.38)	0.999
	Flyer)	College	n Number/%	13		16		11		Overall		0.016
			Abnormal	0	0.0%	7	43.8%	5	45.5%	H vs. L		0.01
			Normal	13		9	56.2%	6	54.5%	H vs. L		0.022

TABLE I.—3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

	T				Exposure Index		Exposure	7	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic	Low	Medium	High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Average	Exposure	0-1	n	100	91	96			
Sleep	Index-by-		Adj. Mean		6.66	6.79	M vs. L		0.421
Each Night	Current Alcohol		95% C.I.	(6.36,7.16)	(6.25,7.06)	(6.40,7.18)		_	0.836
•	Use	>1-4	n	24	30	26	•		
	(Officer)		Adj. Mean		7 .28	6.95	M vs. L		0.033
			95% C.I.	(6.25,7.24)	(6.82,7.74)	(6.46,7.44)	H vs. L	_	0.430
		>4	n	4	0	2			
			Adj. Mean		_	7.32	M vs. L		_
			95% C.I.	(5.83,7. <i>7</i> 8)	_	(6.00,8.64)	H vs. L		0.516
Average	Exposure	Born .	n	10	17	10			
Sleep	Index-by-	>1942	Adj. Mean		7.06	5.73	M vs. L		0.308
each Vight	Age (Enlisted	-	95% C.I.	(5.62,7.45)	(6.33,7.78)	(4.82,6.64)		_	0.161
•	Flyer)	Born	n	43	43	40			
	• ,	1923-1941	Adj. Mean	6.70	6.52	6.98	M vs. L	_	0.518
				(6.11,7.28)	(5.%,7.07)	(6.41,7.55)	H vs. L	_	0.318
		Born	n	0	2	0			
		<1922	Adj. Mean	-	6.71		M vs. L		_
		_	95% C.I.	_	(4.90,8.53)		H vs. L		_

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

	.				<u>.</u>	Ехф	osure Index			Exposure		
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	1	Medium		High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
Average Sleep Each Night	Exposure Index-by- Age (Enlisted	Born >1942	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.),6.85)	121 6.4 (6.		76 6.6 (6.		M vs. L H vs. L		0.512 0.479
withing	Grounderew)	Born 1923-1941	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.		1,6.97)	33 7.1 (6.	2 71,7.52)	51 6.6 (6.		M vs. L H vs. L		0.051 0.834
		Born <1922	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	4 7.09 (5.95	5,8.22)	1 4.8 (2.6	2 54,6.99)	6 6.6 (5.	9 77,7.61)	M vs. L H vs. L	Ξ	0.069 0.583
SCL-90-R Exposure Depression Index-by- Age (Enlisted	Index-by- Age (Enlisted	Born ≥1942	n Number/% Abnormal Normal	9 2 7	22.2% 77.8%	13 3 10	23.1% 76.9%	9 0 9	0.0% 100.0%	Overall M vs. L H vs. L	1.05 (0.14,8.02)	0.295 0.999 0.470
	Flyer)	Born 1923-1941	n Number/X Abnormal Normal	39 1 38	2. 6% 97. 4%	38 2 36	5.3% 94.7%	36 5 31	13.9% 86.1%	Overall M vs. L H vs. L	2.11 (0.18,24.30) 6.13 (0.68,55.25)	0.140 0.980 0.165
		Botn <1922	n Number/%	0		2		0		Overall		
			Abnormal Normal	0	_	0 2	0.0% 100.0%	0	_	M vs. L H vs. L		_

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

	_				<u></u> .	Exp	osure Index			Exposure	All Deletion	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	1	Medium		High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
SCL-90-R Obsessive-	Exposure Index-by-	High School Born >1942	n Number/%	7		8		6		Overall		0.367
Compulsive	Education	0-1	Abnormal	2	28.6%	2	25.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	0.83 (0.08,8.24)	0.999
Behavior	Exposure	~ -	Normal	5	71.4%	6	75.0%	6	100.0%	H vs. L	<u> </u>	0.538
	Index-by- Age	High School Born	n Number/X	26		23		22		Overall		0.315
	.60	1923-1941	Abnormal	1	3.8%	0	0.0%	2	9.1%	M vs. L	_	0.999
	Exposure Index-by-	0-1	Normal	25	96.2%	23	100.0%	20	90.9%	H vs. L	2.50 (0.21,29.60)	0.872
	Current Alcohol	High School Born	n Number/%	3		6		7		0verall	_	-
	Use	1923-1941	Abnormal	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	-	_
	(Enlisted Flyer)	>1-4	Normal.	3	100.0%	6	100.0%	7	100.0%	H vs. L		_
	• •	High School Born	n Number/%	2		2		1		0verall		-
		1923-1941	Abnormal	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	-	
		> 4	Normal	2	100.0%	2	100.0%	1	100.0%	H vs. L		_
		High School Born <1922	n Number/%	0		1		0		0veral1		
		>1-4	Abnormal	0		0	0.0%	0	_	M vs. L	_	
			Normal.	0	_	1	100.0%	0	_	H vs. L	_	

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Еф	osure Index			Exposure	Ali Dalasium	
/ariable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low		Medium		High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
5CL-90-R		College Born >1942	n Number/%	2		5		3		0verall		
bsessive-		0-1	Abnormal.	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		
Compulsive Behavior		0-1	Normal	2	100.0%	5		3	100.0%	H vs. L		
(cont.)		College	n Washan W	7		5		6		Overall		0.105
		Born	Number/%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	33.3%	M vs. L	_	_
		1923-1941 0-1	Abnormal Normal	7	100.0%		100.0%	4	66.7%	H vs. L	_	0.384
		College	n Number/%	1		2		0		Overall		_
		Born 1923–1941	Abnormal	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	_	M vs. L	_	_
		>1-4	Normal	1			100.0%	0	_	H vs. L		_
		College	n Markan (*	0		1		0		0verall		***
		Born <1922	Number/%	0		0	0.0%	0		M vs. L		
		0-1	Abnormal Normal	0		-	100.0%	ŏ		H vs. L		

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

	Interaction					Exq	osure Ind	ех		Exposure		
Variable		Stratification	Statistic	:	Low		Medium		High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
SCL-90-R Phobic	Exposure Index-by-	High School 0-1	n Number/%	33		31		28		0verall		0.026
Anxiety	nxiety Education Exposure Index-by-		Abnormal Normal	1 32	3.0% 97.0%	5 26	16.1% 83.9%	0 28	0.0% 100.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	6.15 (0.68,56.01)	0.169 0.999
	Index-by- Current	High School >1-4	n Number/%	3		7		7		Overall		0 .468
	Alcohol Use (Enlisted	Abnormal Normal	0 3 1	0.0%	0 7	0.0%	1 6	_	M vs. L H vs. L		0.999	
	Flyer)	High School >4	n Number/%	2		2		1		Overall		_
			Abnormal Normal	0	0.0%	0 2	0.0% 100.0%	0 1	0.0%	M vs. L H vs. L	-	_
		College 0-1	n Number/%	9		11		9		Overall		0.340
			Abnormal Normal	0 9	0.0%	2 9	18.2% 81.8%	2 7	22.2% 77.8%	M vs. L H vs. L		0.578 0.470
		College >1-4	n Number/%	1		2		0		0verall		_
			Abnormal Normal	0	0.0% 100.0%	0 2	0.0% 100.0%	0	_	M vs. L H vs. L	Ξ	_

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Expo	ssure Index			Exposure Index	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Lov	l	f ediu m	!	High	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Valu
90190-R	Exposure Index-by-	Born >1942 0-1 dr./day	n Number/%	1		1		1		0verall		0.223
Psychotic- ism	Age	0 dr.yrs.	Abnormal	0	0.0%		100.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		0.999
	-8-	•	Normal	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	1	100.0%	H vs. L		
	Exposure Index-by-	Born ≥1942	n Number/%	5		6		6		Overall		0.313
	Current Alcohol	0-1 dr./day >0-40 dr.yrs.	Abnormal	1	20.0%	2	33.3%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	2.00 (0.13,31.98)	0.999
	rice (ise	70-40 ur.yrs.	Normal	4	80.0%	4	66.7%	6	100.0%	H vs. L	_	0.910
	Exposure	Born >1942	n Number/%	3		6		2		Overall		0.361
	Index-by- Lifetime	0-1 dr./day >40 dr.yrs.	Abnormal	0	0.0%	2	33.3%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	0.834
	Alcohol	740 (II.yis.	Normal	3	100.0%	4	66.7%	2	100.0%	H vs. L	_	
	History (Enlisted Flyer)	Born 1923–1941	n Number/%	4		3		6		Overall		0.478
	riyer)	0-1 dr./day	Abnormal	0	0.0%	1	33.3%	1	16.7%	M vs. L		0.858
		0 dr.yrs.	Normal	4	100.0%	2	66.7%	5	83.3%	H vs. L		0.999
		Born 1923–1941	n Nuiber/X	24		19		18		Overall		
		0-1 dr./day	Abnormal	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	_
		>0-40 dr.yrs.	Normal	24	100.0%	19	100.0%	18	100.0%	H vs. L	_	_
		Born 1923–1941	n Number/%	5		6		4		Overall		0.04
		0-1 dr./day	Abnomal	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	50.0%	H vs. L	_	
		×40 dr.yrs.	Normal	Š		6	100.0%	2	50.0%	H vs. L	_	0.334

TAMER I-3. (continued)

Reposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

	T					Exq	osure Index			Exposure	411 51	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low		Medium		High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
SCL-90-R Psychotic-		Born 1923-1941	n Number/2	2		2		5		0verall		-
ism		>1-4 dr./day	Abnormal	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	
(cont.)		>0-40 dr.yrs.	Normal	2	100.0%	2	100.0%	5	100.0%	H vs. L	_	
		Born 1923-1941	n Number/%	2		6		2		Overall		
		>1-4 dr./day	Abnormal	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		
		>40 dr.yrs.	Normal	2	100.0%	6	100.0%	2	100.0%	H vs. L		
		Born 1923–1941	n Number/%	2		2		1		Overall		
		×4 dr./day	Abnormal	0		0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	_
		×40 dr.yrs.	Normal	2	100.0%	2	100.0%	1	100.0%	H vs. L		_
		Born <1922 0-1 dr./day	n Number/%	0		1		0		Overall		_
		X0-40 dr.yrs.	Abnormal	0	_	0	0.0%	0	_	M vs. L	_	
			Normal	0	-	1	100.0%	0		H vs. L	-	_
		Born <1922 >1-4 dr./day	n Number/%	0		1		0		0verall		
		>40 dr.yrs.	Abnormal.	0	_	0	0.0%	0		M vs. L	_	
		•	Normal	0		1	100.0%	Ō		H vs. L	_	_

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Beposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Еф	osure Index			Exposure Index	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	Ì	Medium		High	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
SCL-90-R	Exposure	Born ≥1942	n Number/%	42		13		10		Overall		0 .7 57
GSI	Index-by-		Abnormal	1	2.4%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		0.999
	Age (Officer)		Normal	41	97.6%	13	100.0%	10	100.0%	H vs. L		0.999
		Boen	n	62		78		97		Overall		0.393
		1923-1941	Number/%	^	0.0%	2	2.6%	3	3.1%	M vs. L		0.618
			Abnormal Normal	0 62	100.0%	76	97.4%	94	96.9%	H vs. L	-	0.448
		Boxn <1922	n Number/%	3		10		2		0verall		0.031
			Abnormal	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	50.0%	M vs. L		
			Normal		100.0%	10		1	50.0%	H vs. L		0.800
SCL-90-R Exposure	Born ≥1942	n N 1 #	73		110		68		Overall		0.610	
PSDI	Index-by-		Number/% Abnormal	8	11.0%	15	13.6%	6	8.8%	M vs. L	1.28 (0.51, 3.20)	0.768
	Age (Enlisted		Normal	65	89.0%	95	86.4%	62	91.2%	H vs. L	0.79 (0.26,2.40)	0.890
	Grounderew)	Born	n	50		31		49		Overall		0.096
		1923-1941	Number/%	_	40.00	_	A 08	7	14.3%	M vs. L		0.165
			Abnormal Normal	5 45	10.0% 90.0%	0 31		42		H vs. L	1.50 (0.44,5.09)	0.730
		Born <1922	n	4		1		5		0verall		0.490
		-	Number/%	_		_	^~	4	20.0%	M vs. L	_	0.999
			Abnormal Normal	2 2		0 1		1 4	:	n vs. L H vs. L	0.25 (0.01,4.73)	0.810

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Ехф	osure Index			Exposure	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	1	Medium	1	High	Index Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
SCL-90-R	Exposure	Born ≥1942	n Nation (*	42		13		10		0verall		0.757
PST	Index-by-		Number/%	1	2.4%	0	0.0%	. 0	0.0%	M vs. L	_	0.999
	Age (Officer)		Abnormal Normal	41	97.6%	13	100.0%		100.0%	H vs. L		0.999
		Born	n	62		78		97		0verall		0.675
		1923-1941	Number/% Abnormal	1	1.6%	1	1.3%	3	3.1%	M vs. L	0.79 (0.05,12.93)	0.999
			Normal.	61	98.4%	77	98.7%	94	96.9%	H vs. L	1.95 (0.20,19.15)	0.984
		Born _<1922	n Namahana (W	3		10		2		Overall		0.031
			Number/%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	50.0%	M vs. L		
			Abnormal Normal	3		10		î	50.0%	H vs. L		0.800

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Reposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

						Expo	sure Index			Exposure Index	Adj. Relative	
<i>l</i> ariable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Low	ì	fedium	I	ligh	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
5CL-90-R	Exposure	Born >1942	n N - 1 - 1 / 2	7		8	-	6		Overall		0.194
ST	Index-by-	High School	Number/% Abnormal	1	14.3%	3	37.5%	0	0.0%	M vs. L	3.60 (0.28,46.36)	0.676
	Age		Normal Normal	6	85.7%	5	62.5%	6	100.0%	H vs. L		0.999
	Exposure Index-by-	Born >1942	n Number/%	2		5		3		Overall		
	Education	College	Abnormal	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		
	(Enlisted Flyer)		Normal.	2		5	100.0%	3	100.0%	H vs. L	_	
		Born	n 	31		31		30		Overall		0.370
		1923-1941	Number/%	•	3.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	M vs. L		0.999
		High School	Abnormal Normal	1 30	3.24 96.8%	31	•	30	100.0%	H vs. L	_	0.999
		Born	n Number/%	8		7		6		Overall		0.211
		1923-1941	Abnormal	0	0.0%	1	14.3%	2	33.3%	M vs. L	_	0.934
		College	Normal	8		6	85.7%	4	66.7%	H vs. L	_	0.330
		Born <1922 High School	n Number/%	0		1		0		Overall		
		militi actions	Abnomal	0		0	0.0%	0	_	M vs. L		_
			Normal.	ŏ		1	100.0%	0		H vs. L	<u> </u>	
		Born <1922	n	0		1		0		Overall		_
		College	Number/%			_	A ~==	^		M vs. L		
		-	Abnormal.	0		0		0		H vs. L	_	
			Normal	0	_	1	100.0%	U	_	u vo. L	_	

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

					Exposure Index		Exposure	431 D-1-44	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic	Low	Medium	High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
MCMI	Exposure	Black	n	15	14	12	M vs. L		0.025
Schizoid Score	Index-by- Race		Adj. Mean ^a 95% C.I. ^a	31.3 (23.3,42.1)	19.3 (14.2,26.3)	19.6 (14.2,27.2)		_	0.039
(Enlis	(Enlisted Groundcrew)	Nonblack	n Adj. Mesn ^a 95% C.I. ^a	125 24.9 (22.4,27.6)	141 27.8 (25.1,30.8)	121 25.3 (22.7,28.2)	M vs. L H vs. L	<u> </u>	0.117 0.830
MCMI Exposure Dependent Index-by- Score Age (Officer)	Index-by- Age	Born ≥1942	n Adj. Mean ^b 95% C.I.	46 44.5 (34.8,55.4)	20 35.0 (25.1,46.6)	10 41.2 (28.1,56.7)	M vs. L H vs. L	- -	0.045 0.599
	Born 1923–1941	n Adj. Mean ^b 95% C.I.	77 38.7 (30.1,48.4)	87 38.9 (30.3,48.7)	111 38.5 (30.2,47.9)	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.930 0.953	
		Born ≤1922	n Adj. Mean ^b 95% C.I.	5 62.0 (41.9,86.0)	14 39.6 (28.1,53.0)	3 69.5 (43.8,101.1)	M vs. L H vs. L	<u>-</u> -	0.032 0.655

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TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

					Exposure Index	×3×3	Exposure	Add Dalasian	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic	Low	Medium	High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
MCMI	Exposure	0	n	10	3	13			
listrionic Score	Index-by- Lifetime Alcohol		Adj. Mean ^c 95% C.I. ^c	57.8 (44.3,68.7)	37.1 (0.0,59.1)	63.6 (53.0,72.7)	M vs. L H vs. L		0.080 0.333
	History	>0-40	n _	97	92	80			
	(Officer)		Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	62.4 (54.7,69.3)	61.5 (53.7,68.4)	62.2 (54.4,69.2)	M vs. L H vs. L		0.646 0.925
		>40	n	21	26	31			
			Adj. Mean ^c 95% C.I. ^c	61.0 (51.8,69.0)	66.9 (58.3,74.5)	65.2 (57.3,72.3)	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.154 0.287
OII	Exposure	Black	n	15	14	12	,		
listrionic Score	Index-by- Race		Adj. Mean ^c 95% C.I. ^c	61.2 (53.1,68.4)	74.7 (68.0,80.9)	73.6 (66.1,80.4)	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.005 0.015
	(Enlisted Groundcrev)	Nonblack	n	125	141	121			
	GEOGRACIEW)	NAME OF THE PARTY	Adj. Mean ^c 95% C.I. ^c	63.5 (59.8,67.1)	57.9 (53.6,61.8)	59.9 (55.8,63.8)	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.002 0.046
KOMI	Exposure	Black	n	15	14	12			
brcissistic I Score R	Race		Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	64.6 (56.9,72.4)	72.2 (64.2 ,8 0.2)	82.4 (73.9,91.0)	M vs. L H vs L	_	0.177 0.003
	(Enlisted Groundcrew)	Nonblack	n	125	141	121			
			Adj. Mean 95% C.I.		63.0 (60.4,65.7)	63.1 (60.2,66.0)	M vs. L H vs. L	-	0.393 0.431

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

					Exposure Index		Exposure Index	Adj. Relative	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic	Low	Medium	High	Contrast	Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Valu
HOŒ	Exposure	0	n	10	3	13			
Borderline Score	Index-by- Lifetime	•	Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	29.0 (17.7,40.2)	29.0 (11.0,47.1)	34.1 (24.0,44.2)	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.992 0.421
	Alcohol History	>0-40	n	97	92	80			
	(Officer)	<i>7</i> 0−0	Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	34.3 (27.6,41.0)	30.6 (24.0,37.2)	33.4 (26.4,40.3)	M vs. L H vs. L	-	0.095 0.689
			924 C.1.	(27.0,41.0)					
		>40	n	21	26	31 36.5	M vs. L		0.001
			Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	45.4 (35.7,55.1)	30.6 (22.0,39.1)	(28.4,44.7)		_	0.041
MONT	Exposure	College	n	37	38 45.1	31 36.1	M vs. L	_	0.005
Borderline Score	Index-by- Education		Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	33.2 (26.2,40.3)	(37.6,52.5)	(28.7,43.6)		_	0.505
	(Enlisted Groundcrew)	High	n	103	117	102			
	GLOCKACTEW/	School	Adj. Mean	42.0	39.2 (33.7,44.6)	41.2 (35.8,46.6)	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.245 0.740
			95% C.I.	(36.6,47.4)	(33.7,44.6)	(33.0,40.0)	n 42. L		007 1.0
\	T	Bossa	•	10	17	10			
MCMI Paranoid	Exposure Index-by-	Born >1942	n Adj. Mean	59.6	52.3	44.2	M vs. L	_	0.247
Score	Age		95% C.I.	(48.4,70.8)	(43.4,61.2)	(33.1,55.4)	A vs. L		0.030
	(Enlisted Flyer)	Born	n	42	43	40	_		0.00
	12,027	1923-1941	Adj. Mean	54.3	54.1	55.9	M vs. L		0.962 0.621
			95% C.I.	(47.0,61.5)	(47.3,60.9)	(48.9,62.9)	H vs. L	- 	0.02
		Born	n	0	2	0			
		1922	Adj. Mean		31.2	****	M vs. L H vs. L		_
		-	95% C.I.		(9.0,53.5)	-	n vs. L		-

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TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic		Exposure Index	Exposure			
				Low	Medium	High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
MONT	Exposure	College	n	37	38	31			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Somatoform	Index-by-	.	Adj. Mean	52.4	61.3	55.9	M vs. L		0.030
Score	Education (Enlisted		95% C.I.	(46.2,58.6)	(55.1,67.6)	(49.5,62.4)		_	0.415
	Groundcrew)	High	n	103	117	102			
	,	School	Adj. Mean	54.5	51.0	52.4	M vs. L	_	0.141
			95% C.I.	(50.4,58.6)	(47.0,54.9)	(48.1,56.7)	H vs. L	_	0.393
MCMI	Exposure	0 dr.yrs.	n	10	3	13			
Alcohol	Index-by-	0-1 dr./day	Adj. Mean	17.1	19.2	24.5	M vs. L	_	0.833
Abuse Score	Lifetime Alcohol		95% C.I.	(5.8,28.4)	(1.0,37.3)	(14.5,34.6)			0.249
	History	>0-40 dr.yrs.	n	85	81	70			
		0-1 dr./day	Adj. Mean	28.7	28.1	28.1	M vs. L	_	0.795
	Exposure Index-by-		95% C.I.	(21.9,35.6)	(21.3,35.0)	(21.2,35.0)		_	0.803
	Current	X0-40 dr.yrs.	n	12	11	10			
	Alcohol	>1-4 dr./day	Adj. Mean	26.1	34.4	27.3	M vs. L		0.191
	Use (Officer)	•	95% C.I.	(16.1,36.0)	(24.4,44.3)	(16.1,38.4)		_	0.856

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

				Exposure Index			Exposure	4.11 B. 1. Adam	
Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic	Low	Medium	High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
MCMI Alcohol Abuse Score (cont.)		>40 dr.yrs. 0-1 dr./day	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	5 43.4 (28.9,57.9)	7 29.8 (17.1,42.5)	13 36.1 (26.0,46.3)	M vs. L H vs. L	-	0.125 0.362
		>40 dr.yrs. >1_4 dr./day	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	12 37.0 (26.4,47.6)	19 33.4 (24.4,42.5)	16 36.0 (26.8,45.2)	M vs. L H vs. L	-	0.524 0.867
		>40 dr.yrs. >4 dr./day	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	4 31.3 (15.2,47.3)	o 	2 69.0 (47.2,90.8)	M vs. L H vs. L		0.004
MCMI Drug Abuse Score	Exposure Index-by- Race (Enlisted Groundcrew)	Black	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	15 45.4 (35.1,55.7)	14 60.9 (50.2,71.5)	12 72.3 (61.0,83.6)	M vs. L H vs. L	Ξ	0.038 0.001
		Nonblack	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	125 49.2 (45.6,52.9)	141 48.1 (44.6,51.6)	121 45.8 (42.0,49.7)	M vs. L H vs. L	==	0.650 0.189
MCHI Psychotic Thinking Score	Exposure Index-by- Age (Enlisted Flyer)	Born ≥1942	n Adj. Hean 95% C.I.	10 30.7 (16.9,44.5)	17 33.9 (22.9,44.8)	10 17.3 (3.5,31.0)	M vs. L H vs. L	=	0.680 0.122
		Born 1923–1941	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	42 24.5 (15.6,33.5)	43 30.0 (21.6,38.4)	40 33.8 (25.1,42.4)	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.19 0.03
		Born <1922	n Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	<u> </u>	2 2.8 (0,30.3)	<u> </u>	M vs. L H vs. L	-	_

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TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification		Exposure Index			Exposure	4.12 Dalasiem	
			Statistic	Low	Medium	High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
·····	Exposure	Born >1942	n	79	121	76			0.000
MCMI Psychotic Thinking	Index-by- Age	227	Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	36.6 (31.7,41.5)	40.0 (35.5,44.5)	37.6 (32.5,42.7)	M vs. L H vs. L	-	0.229 0.752
Score	(Enlisted	Born	n	57	33	51			
	Groundcrew)	1923-1941	Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	32.5 (26.7,38.4)	28.6 (21.4,35.8)	38.8 (32.7,44.9)	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.362 0.097
		Born <1922	n	4	1	6			0.000
			Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	44.0 (23.9,64.0)	43.6	47.8 (31.5,64.0)	M vs. L H vs. L	_	0.988 0.763
MCMI	Exposure	0 dr.yrs.	n	10	3	13 36.7	M vs. L		0.169
Psychotic Delusion Score	Index-by- Lifetime	0-1 dr./day	Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	38.6 (23.3,54.0)	57.0 (32.4,81.6)	(23.0,50.4)		. —	0.826
	Alcohol History	>0-40 dr.yrs.	n	85	81	70			0.000
	mstory	0-1 dr./day	Adj. Mean	44.0	40.5	40.9	M vs. L		0.266 0.353
	Exposure	V 1 4	95% C.I.	(34.5,53.4)	(31.0,49.9)	(31.1,50.6)	H vs. L		0.333
	Index-by-	>0-40 dr.yrs.	n	12	11	10	•		0.046
	Current Alcohol	>1-4 dr./day	Adj. Mean	25.5	45.6	48.3	M vs. L		0.019 0.010
	Use (Officer)	r a water small	95% C.I.	(11.9,39.2)	(32.1,59.2)	(33.0,63.7)	H vs. L	_	0.010

TABLE I-3. (continued)

Exposure Index-by-Covariate Interactions for Psychology Variables

Variable	Interaction (Occupation)	Stratification	Statistic	Exposure Index			Exposure	All Dalation	
				Low	Medium	High	Index Contrast	Adj. Relative Risk (95% C.I.)	p-Value
MCMI		>40 dr.yrs.	n	5	7	13	M vs. L		0.091
Psychotic Delusion		0-1 dr./day	Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	50.5 (30.9,70.2)	30.2 (13.2,47.3)	44.9 (30.9 ,58.9)		-	0.594
Score (cont.)		>40 dr.yrs. >1-4 dr./day	n Adj. Mean	12 44.2	19 37.9	16 40.3	M vs. L		0.406
		>1-4 dr./day	95% C.I.	(29.7,58.7)	(25.7,50.1)	(27.8,52.9)	H vs. L	_	0.617
		>40 dr.yrs.	n	4	0	2 75.5	M vs. L	_	
		×4 dr./day	Adj. Mean 95% C.I.	40.8 (19.1,62.5)	_	(46.1,104.9)			0.048

-Summary statistics not given due to zero participants for a particular exposure index classification; adjusted relative risk not applicable for continuous analysis of a variable; relative risk/confidence interval/p-value not given due to cells with zero frequency.

*Transformed from natural logarithm scale.

barransformed from square root scale.

^cTransformed from square scale.

Notes: Small sample sizes may affect validity of overall p-value. Relative risks/confidence intervals and p-values based on stratified, unadjusted tables.